Government of India Ministry of Shipping, Road Transport & Highways Department of Shipping (Ports Wing)

No. MR-22011/4/2009-TRW (P)

New Delhi 04th May, 2009

ORDER

Sub: - Strengthening of Major Port Statistics- setting up of a Working Group

The Transport Research Wing (TRW) of this Ministry is the nodal agency inter-alia for collection, compilation and publication of data on India Ports. The data is disseminated through the annual publication on Basic Port Statistics (BPS). Besides BPS, the TRW also brings out biannual updates on Indian Port Sector which throw light on the latest developments in the Indian Port Sector. It is proposed that the requirement of data for various publications and policy purposes be identified and built into their data compilation and dissemination/supply system to the users so that timelines of data availability is improved and the respondents' (i.e. Major Ports) load is minimized to the extent feasible.

2. In view of the above, it has been decided to set up a Working Group with the following composition: -

1) Adviser (Transport Research) Chairman Deptt. of Road Transport Highways Managing Director, Indian Ports Association 2) Member 3) Secretary, TAMP Member Director, IIPM 4) Member 5) Deputy Chairman, Mormugao Port Trust Member FA& CAO, New Mangalore Port Trust Member 6) Director (R/P), Visakhapatnam Port Trust 7) Member Director (P&R), Kolkata Port Trust 8) Member 9) Chief Manager (Operations), JNPT Member 10) Director (TRW-Ports) Convenor

- 3. The Terms and Reference of the above Working Group shall be as under: -
 - To look into concepts, definitions and methodologies followed by port authorities in compilation of sea-borne cargo & physical performance indicators.
 - b) To suggest uniform procedures/methods for compilation and dissemination of various physical and financial performance indicators to facilitate comparison and benchmarking productivity and efficiency.

- c) To recommend/suggest efficiency/performance indicators relating to port statistics.
- d) To suggest time frame for timely compilation and finalization of port statistics.
- 4. The Working Group will be empowered to co-opt any member if necessary. The TA/DA of the Members of the Group will be borne by their respective organizations.

Sd/-(R. Srinivasa Naik) Director(PO&PG) Tel No. 23739621

Copy to: -

- 1) Adviser (Transport Research) Deptt. of Road Transport & Highways, New Delhi
- 2) Managing Director, Indian Ports Association
- 3) Secretary, TAMP
- 4) Director, IIPM
- 5) Deputy Chairman, Mormugao Port Trust
- 6) FA& CAO, New Mangalore Port Trust
- 7) Director (R/P), Visakhapatnam Port Trust
- 8) Director (P&R), Kolkata Port Trust
- 9) Chief Manager (Operations) JNPT
- 10) Director (TRW-Ports)

Copy also forwarded for information and necessary action to the Chairmen, All Major Port Trusts.

Data published in Administrative reports of major ports and corresponding data in 'Major Ports of India' & Basic Port Statistics

| S.No. | Tables | ng data in 'Major Ports of India' & Basic Port Sta Statistics published | Chennai | Tuticorin |
|-------|--|---|--|--|
| 1 | Topography of the port | Location -latitude and longitude,Entrance Channel-Length , | | Table 1(A); |
| · | Topography of the port | Minimum Depth, Minimum Width, Turning Circle - No. , Diameter , Type of Dock/Port | rable ((t) | Entrance Channel- Length , Depth,Width (not min) |
| 2 | Storage Capacity | Dry Storage Accomodation, Liquid Storage tanks, Container capacity owned by ports and others and also seperately categorised as covered and open | Table 1(B) | Table 1(B) |
| 3 | Berth Particulars | Dockwise Berths, Type,Scheduled depth, Quay length | Table 1(C) | Table 1(C), Also Maximum size of vessels that can be accomodated- length,DWT |
| 4 | Floating Craft | Availability by type - dredgers, Tugs, pilot launcher, Mooring launches, Multipurpose habour vessel etc. and their capacity. | Table 1(D) | Table 1(D), Also owned/Hired ; utilisation - Table 15 |
| 5 | Cargo Handling Equipments | Description , Number | Table 1(E) | Table 1(E); Also owned/Hired |
| 6 | Total import traffic handled principal commoditywise | Overseas and coastal separately for principle cargo categories i.e. Container, Break Bulk, Dry Bulk, Liquid Bulk | Table 2(A) | Table 2 |
| 7 | Total export traffic handled principal commoditywise | Overseas and coastal separately for principle cargo categories i.e. Container, Break Bulk, Dry Bulk, Liquid Bulk | Table 2(B) | Table 2 |
| 8 | Flagwise Distribution of cargo handled | Nationality, Import and Export cargo tonnage separately for overseas and coastal traffic | Table 3 Non-Cargo and Cargo vessels | Table 3 |
| 9 | Distribution of import cargo handled according to origin | Nationality, Import and Export cargo tonnage separately for overseas and coastal traffic | Table 4 - combined for overseas and coastal | Table 5 |
| 10 | Distribution of export cargo handled according to origin | Dry Bulk, Liquid Bulk, Break Bulk, Containers for important countries | Table 5 | Table 4 |
| 11 | Number and type of containers handled | FCL, LCL, Empty containers categorised as export, import, Trans-shipment and ICD containers moved in and out; separately for 20', 40'and 45' and total TEUs | Table 6 Shifting also included | Table 6 |
| 12 | Number and size of ships handled | No of vessels by type of cargo ships and passenger ships - NRT,GRT,DWT | Table 7 | Table 7 |
| | | | <u> </u> | |

Annexure-II (Contd.)

Data published in Administrative reports of major ports and corresponding data in 'Major Ports of India' & Basic Port Statistics

| S.No. | Tables | Statistics published | Chennai | Tuticorin |
|-------|---|--|----------|---|
| 13 | Performance of ships | Performance indicators principal cargowise - No. of ships, cargohandled, Average Turnround Time, Average stay at Berth, Average working Time, Average pre-berthing time, Average Nonworking Time, Average parcel size, Average output per ship day, Percentage of non working time at berth | Table 8 | Table 8 |
| 14 | Distribution of pre berthing delay according to reason | Category of shipswise number of vessels and delay according to reasons-Non availability of berth, Tug/Craft, Pilot/Crew, Strike/Stoppage of work, Navigation, Draft Restriction, Ship's account/Agents' option | Table 9 | Table 9, Also port and non-port account separately |
| 15 | Distribution of non-working time at berth according to reasons | Category of shipwise no. of vessels and delay according to reasons - Non availability of berth, Absence of workers, Equipment non availability, Equipment breakdown, shed congestion, lack of cargo, strike/stoppage of work, weather conditions, power failure, hatch openine/closing, waiting for sailing, agents's option/ships account | Table 10 | Table 10, Also port and non-port account separately |
| 16 | Berth Occupancy | Berthwise days available and occupied, Percent occupancy | Table 11 | Table 11 |
| 17 | Availability of cargo handling equipments | Number of various equipments, no required to meet the traffic's Average demand per day and Average supply per day; reasons for short supply, no. of units overhauled and units underwent major repairs | Table 12 | Table 13 |
| 18 | Utilisation of cargo handling equipments | Number of various equipments, total no. of gross hours available, non availability by reasons, Net available working Hours, Actual working time, %age of availability, %age of utilisation - Net and Gross working hour availability | Table 13 | Table 14 |
| 19 | Shore labour productivity | No. of hooks worked, Hook hours worked, Effective hook hours worked, Man hours worked, Effective man hours worked, Tonnage handled, Average productivity - Per hook, Per hook hour, Per effective hook hour, Per man hour, Per effective man hour for imports and exports by type of cargo | Table 14 | Included in Table 18 |
| 20 | Dock labour productivity | No. of hooks worked, Hook hours per effective hook hours worked, Man hours per effective man hours worked, Tonnage handled, Average productivity - Per hook, Per hook hour, Per man hour by type of cargo | Table 15 | Table 18 |
| 21 | Container cargo and tareweight | Container cargo and tareweight separately | Table 16 | Table 12 |
| 22 | Commoditywise export cargo received by different modes of transport | By Rail, Road, pipeline- tonnage and percentage | Table 17 | Table 19 |
| 23 | | By Rail, Road, pipeline- tonnage and despatch | Table 18 | Table 20 |
| 24 | Performance of dredgers | Quantity dredged, Working days and non-working days by reasons, Quantity dredged per working day, Rate per cu.m. of dredging | Table 19 | Table 16 , Only Quantity dredged |
| 25 | Employment at ports- Classwise | By No. and Category of officers, Non- cargo employees, Cargo handling workers- shore workers and other than shore workers | Table 20 | Table 21 |
| 26 | Particulars of accident | Fatal and non fatal by causes- separately for port and non-port area | Table 21 | Table 22 |
| 27 | Financial indicators | Return on capital - capital employed and Rate of return, Operating ratio - operating income and operating ratio, Ratio of cost to earnings (activitywise) | Table 22 | Table 23 |
| 28 | Capital expenditure of plan schemes | On Plan and Non-plan works -approved outlay, Internal resources, Budgetary support, Direct loan | Table 23 | Table 24 |

Data published in Administrative reports of major ports and

corresponding data in 'Major Ports of India' & Basic Port Statistics

| | | T = | | | in Major Por | | | Port 5 | | | |
|-------|------------|------------|---|-------------|--|------------|---------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| S.No. | Kolkata | | Vishakhapatnam | | New mangalore | | Mumbai | JNPT | Kandla | IPA | BPS |
| 1 | Table I(A) | Table I(A) | Annexure 1 | Table XLII | Table I(A), Only land area & port area-water spread | Table I(A) | Table I(A) | Table I(A) | Table 1(A) | Page 2 | Table 1.3 |
| 2 | Table I(B) | Table I(B) | Annexure 2 | | Table I(B) | Table I(B) | Table I(B) | Table I(B) | Table 1(F) | Page24- 29 | Table 1.5 |
| 3 | Table I(C) | Table I(C) | Annexure 3 | Table XLIII | Table I(C) | Table I(C) | Table I(C) | Table I(C) | Table 1(B) | Page 3 Commodit ywise no. of Berths | Table 1.4 |
| 4 | Table I(D) | Table I(D) | Annexure 4 | Table XXIX | Table I(D) | Table I(D) | Table I(D) | Table I(D) | Table 1(E) | Page 4-12 | |
| 5 | Table I(E) | Table I(E) | Annexure 5 | Table XXII | Table I(E) | Table I(E) | Table I(E) | Table I(E) | Table 1(D) | Page21- 23 | Table 1.8 |
| 6 | Table II | Table II | Annexure 7 | Table I | Table II, Transhipment | Table II | Table II | Table II | Table 13 | Page 30- 41 in | Table 2.1.8 overseas by |
| 7 | Table II | Table II | Annexure 7 | Table I | Table II, Transhipment separately | Table II | Table II | Table II | Table 13 | Page 30- 41 in different tables | Table 2.1.9 overseas by countries |
| 8 | Table III | Table III | Annexure 8 | Table VI | Table III, Transhipment separately | Table III | Table III | Table III | Table 31, commodi tywise | | |
| 9 | Table V | Table V | Annexure 10& 11 -Commodity wise & countrywise | Table VII | Table V | Table V | Table V | Table V | Table 32, commodi tywise | | |
| 10 | Table IV | Table IV | Annexure 12 & 13 - Commoditywise & countrywise | Table VIII | Table IV | Table IV | Table IV | Table IV | | | |
| 11 | Table VI | Table VI | Annexure 9 | Table XI | Table VI | Table VI | Table VI | Table VI (a,b,c) | Table 6 | page 42- 46 | Table 2.1.5 |
| 12 | Table VII | Table VII | Annexure 19 | Table XIV | Table VII | Table VII | Table VII | Table VII | Table 17 | Page 50- 58 | Table 2.1.17 No.of vessels by category |

Annexure-II (Contd.)

Data published in Administrative reports of major ports and corresponding data in 'Major Ports of India' & Basic Port Statistics

| S.No. | Kolkata | Paradip | Vishakhapatnan | | New mangalor | e Mormugao | Mumbai | JNPT | Kandla | IPA | BPS |
|-------|-------------|-------------------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|--|----------------|---|---------------|----------------|------------------------|
| 13 | Table VIII | Table VIII | Annexure 21 | Table XVI | Table VIII | Table VIII | Table VIII | Table VIII | Table 18 | | Table 2.2.15 & 2.2.16 |
| 14 | Table IX | Table IX | Annexure 22 | Table XIX | Table IX | Table IX | Table IX | Table IX | Table 14 | | Table 2.1. 27 |
| 15 | Table X | Table X | Annexure 23 | Table XX | Table X | Table X | Table X | Table X | Table 15 | | |
| 16 | Table XI | Table XI | Annexure 20 | Table XXI | Table XI | Table XI | Table XI | Table XI | Table 19 | Page 4-12 | Table 2.1.28 |
| 17 | Table XII | Table XII | Annexure 32 | TableX XII | Table XII | | Table XII | Table XII | Table 27 | | Table 2.1.29 & 2.1.30 |
| 18 | Table XIII | Table XIII | Annexure 33 | Table XXIII | Table XIII | Table XIII | Table XIII | Table XIII | Table 28 | | Table 2.1.29 & 2.1.30 |
| 19 | Table XIV | Table XIV & XV combined | Annexure 24 | Table XVIII | Table XIV | Table XIV | Table XIV | Table XV | Table 5 | | |
| 20 | Table XV | | Annexure 25 | | Table XV | Table XV | Table XV | Table XIV | | | |
| 21 | Table XVI | Table XVI | | | Table XVI | Table XVI | Table XVI | Table XVI | Table 18 | | Table 2.1.10 |
| 22 | Table XVII | Table XVII | Annexure 17 | | Table XVII | Table XVII | Table | Table XVII | Table 20 | | |
| 23 | Table XVIII | Table XVIII | Annexure 18 | | Table XVIII | Table XVIII | Table XVIII | Table XVIII | Table 21 | | |
| 24 | Table XIX | Table XIX | Annexure 34&35 | Table XXIV | Table XIX | Table XIX, only quantity dredged | Table XIX | Table XIX, only quantity dredged | | | |
| 25 | Table XX | Table XX | Annexure 57 | Table XXXVI | Table XX | Table XX | Table XX | Table XX | Table 3&22 | Page 87- 88 | Table 2.1.33 & 2.1.34 |
| 26 | Table XXI | Table XXI | Annexure 62 | Table XLI | Table XXI | Table XXI | Table XXI | Table XXI | | | |
| 27 | Table XXII | Table XXII | Annexure36 | | Table XXII | Table XXII | Table XXII | Table XXII | Table 25 | Page 73- 83 | Table 2.1.36 to 2.1.38 |
| 28 | Table XXIII | Table XXIII | Annexures 46 | Table XXXIV | Table XXIII | Table XXIII | Table XXIII | Table XXIII | Table 24 | | |

Parameters and Indicators for Collection of Port Statistics

A. Vital Port Statistics

Parameters

(a) Topography of the Port : Location (Latitude & Longitude),

Entrance channel (Length, Minimum

Depth and Minimum width),

Turning Circle (No. and Diameter),

Type of Dock/Port

(b) Berth Particulars : Berth Name/No., Type of Berth,

Designed Depth (Mtrs), Permissible Draft,

Quay Length,

(c) Floating Craft : Type of Craft, No., Type and Capacity.

(d) Cargo Handling Equipment: Type of Equipment, No. and Rated

Capacity.

(e) Storage Capacity at Port : No. of Area and Location (inside/ outside

Port) for

(i) Dry Storage Accommodation

(ii) Containers

(iii) Liquid Storage tanks

(iv) CFS

(v) Reefer points

B. (i) Cargo Traffic (excluding Container Traffic)

Parameters

The following data will be collected for each cargo ship handled:

- i. Commodity Loaded / Unloaded / Transshipped
- ii. Quantity
- iii. Overseas / Coastal traffic
- iv. Cargo Category Container / Break Bulk / Liquid Bulk/ Dry Bulk Mechanical / Conventional
- v. Country & Port of Origin / Destination
- vi. Flag of Ship
- vii. Mode of Despatch / Receipt of Cargo Rail, Road, Pipeline, Inland Waterways alongwith Quantity

Indicators

- i. Share of Coastal and Overseas traffic
- ii. Share of Import Cargo to Overseas cargo

- iii. Percentage share of Indian Flag Vessel in the Overseas and Coastal Cargo Traffic Handled
- iv. Parcel Size (Cargo handled/No. of Cargo Ships Handled)
- v. Cargo Handled per Employee

B. (ii) Container traffic

Parameters

- No. of Containers Imported / Exported / Transshipped categorized as stuffed/empty, 20'/40'/others (Total in TEUs), Container Traffic Loaded/Unloaded/Transshipped (separately for Indian lines & Foreign lines)
- ii. Commodity wise break up of Container Cargo Loaded/Unloaded / Transshipped.
- iii. Tare Weight & Container Cargo Weight separately.
- iv. Reefer Container Traffic Import/export in TEUs & Tonnage
- v. Inland Container Movement Incoming/Outgoing to Port by Rail/Road in TEUs & Tonnage.
- vi. ICD Container Movement In & Out (in TEUs) by Mode(Rail/Road/IWT)
- vii. Country-wise Origin and Destination of Containers

Indicators

(i) Level of Containerization - Percentage of Container Cargo to General Cargo (Container + Break Bulk)

C. Performance / Efficiency Parameters

The following parameters may be compiled for each ship according to category of vessels, important commodity wise and separately on Port & Non-port account.

(a) Vessel Traffic

| Parameters | Indicators |
|--|--|
| For each cargo ship sailed - Pre-Berthing Waiting Time - Inward Movement Time - Stay at Working Berth and Non-working Berth) - Non-working Time at Working Berth - Shifting Time - Outward Movement Time | Average Ship-Berth-day Output Percentage of Non-working Time at Working Berth Average Stay at Working Berth Average Non-working Time Average Turn Round Time Average Pre-Berthing Waiting Time Average Inward Movement Time Average Outward Movement Time Average Shifting Time Parcel size |

(b) Container Traffic

| Parameters | Indicators |
|--|---|
| - Containers Handled (No.) - TEUs Handled - Time of Container Stay at Port - Cranes(No.) - Crane Moves (Total) - Crane Hours(Total) - Berth Hours (Total) - Crane Idle Time(hours) - Berth Idle Time (hours) Yard productivity - Area of Yard - Cranes Used (No.) - TEUs Handled - Effective Crane Handling Time (hours) - Crane Idle Time | Average Dwell Time (Time of Container Stay at Port/ No. of Containers Handled) Moves per Crane Hour(Total No. of Crane Moves / Total Crane Hours) Effective Moves per Crane Hour (Total No. of Crane Moves/ Effective Crane Hours) Moves/Berth Hour (Total Moves/Total Berth Hours) Effective Moves/Berth Hour (Total Moves/ Effective Berth Hours) TEUs Handled / Total Length of Quay) |

(b) Shore and Dock Labour Productivity

The following parameters may be compiled for each ship, according to type of Cargo and for important commodities.

| Parameters | Indicators |
|---|---|
| No. of Hooks Worked. Hook-hours Worked Effective Hook-hours Worked Man-hours Worked Effective Man-hours Worked Tonnage Handled Gang Shifts(No.) | Average Productivity per Hook (Tonnes) Average Productivity per Hook-hour (Tonnes) Average Productivity per Effective Hook-hour (Tonnes) Average Productivity per Man-hour (Tonnes) Average Productivity per Effective Man-hour (Tonnes) Output per Gang Shift |

(d) Availability and Utilization of Equipment

Cargo equipments (i) Wharf Crane (ii) Mobile Crane (iii) Fork Lift Truck

| Parameters | Indicators |
|--|---|
| - No. of Equipment -Possible Gross Equipment Available Hours - Non-available Equipment Hours - Net Available Equipment Hours - Actual Equipment Working Time (hours) | - Percent Availability of equipment (Actual equipment available hours / Possible Gross equipment available hours x 100) - Percent Utilization of Equipment i. Net Available Working Hours (Actual Equipment Working Time/ Net Available Equipment hours x 100) ii. Gross Available Working Hours (Actual Equipment working time / Gross Available Equipment Hours x 100) |

(e) Berth Performance

| Parameters | Indicators |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Berth Availability (days) | -Percentage Occupancy of Berth |
| Berth Occupancy (days) | |

D. Vessel Traffic

Parameters

- i. No. of vessels handled by type of vessel category (Cargo & Non Cargo)
- ii. Flag wise Distribution of Ships Handled
- iii. Size of ships handled (DWT, GRT, NRT)

E. Financial Parameters

1. Income

- (a) Operating income
 - (i) Cargo Handling & Storage Income
 - (ii) Vessel Related Income
 - (iii) Railway Income
 - (iv) Estate
 - (v) Other Income
- (b) Non-operating Income

2. Expenditure

- (a) Operating Expenditure
 - (i) Cargo Handling & Storage Expenditure
 - (ii) Vessel related Expenditure
 - (iii) Railway Expenditure
 - (iv) Estate
 - (v) Other Expenditure
- (b) Non-operating Expenditure

3. Classification of Assets (Capital Employed)

- (i) Cargo Handling and Storage
- (ii) Port and Dock Facilities
- (iii) Railway
- (iv) Estate
- (v) Others

4. Operating Ratio

(a) Cargo Handling Operating Ratio = <u>Cargo Handling Expenditure</u> Cargo Handling Income

Note: The raito may be calculated for each cargo commodity comprising more than 15% of cargo handled at a major port

(b) Vessel Related operating ratio = <u>Vessel Relating Expenditure</u>

Vessel Related Income

(c) Railway related operating ratio = Railway Related Expenditure

Railway Related Income

(c) Estate related Operating ratio = Estate related Expenditure

Estate related Income

(d) Operating Ratio = Total Operating Expenditure

Total Operating Income

5. Capital Expenditure

- (i) Plan Schemes
- (ii) Non-Plan(Capital)

6. Total Investment in PPP Projects (by port and concessionaire separately)

- (i) Investment in land
- (ii) Other Investment excluding Investment in Land
 - (a) Civil works
 - (b) Equipments
 - (c) Other investments

Efficiency Parameters/Indicators

- (i) Return on Capital Employed
 - (a) Operating Surplus to Net Operating Assets
 - (b) Net Income to Total Capital Employed
- (ii) Working Capital

- (iii) Current Ratio
- (iv) Asset Turnover Ratio
- (v) Management & GA Expenditure to Operating Expenditure
- (vi) Percentage of Salaries and Wages to Total Operating Expenditure

F. Other Port Statistics

Parameters

- Manpower Employed category wise at Major Ports & by Dock Labour Board.
- ii. Mandays Lost.
- iii. Accidents by type categorized into fatal and Non fatal in Ports & Nonport area.
- iv. Passenger traffic embarkation and disembarkation.
- v. Dredging carried out & expenditure incurred –Routine maintenance and Capital dredging by Dredging Corporation of India and Private dredgers separately.

Indicators

- i. Cost per Tonne of Cargo Handled
- ii. Tonnage Handled per Employee

Annexure-IV

Other Statistics to be Compiled by Ports for Internal Use

- (i) Port user wise Quantity of Important Commodities Loaded/Unloaded
- (ii) Trains, Vehicles Received and Dispatched
- (iii) Type-wise no. of wagons received/ dispatched Total and for Important Commodities
- (iv) Average Indent and Supply of Wagons (daily average) for the clearance of Imported Cargo from Port area.
- (v) Commodity-wise Percent of Import and Export of major items to the Total Traffic.
- (vi) Value of Trade Import & Export separately for Overseas & Coastal.
- (vii) Commodity wise distribution of Import & Export on Stream and Wharf separately.
- (viii) Cargo Handled by Shipping Lines.
- (ix) Dry Docking Statistics.
- (x) Traffic Handled to & from Trunk Railway.
- (xi) Training Programmes attended by Port officials and Skills Imparted.
- (xii) Maintainence of Port Equipment Statistics
- (xiii) Congestion in Port Area for each type of cargo- quay & transit shed disposition of ware housing stock & distribution.
- (xiv) Pilot wise Movements
- (xv) No. of cycles of each Crane and Quantity handled (commodity wise)
- (xvi) Power/Fuel Consumption per Tonne of Cranes
- (xvii) Efficiency of Barges and Other Daughter Vessels Efficiency
- (xviii) Harbour Mobile Crane Efficiency
- (xix) Floating Craft Efficiency
- (xx) Stores Statistics Balance of stores in transit (cash values), stores issued, Material Returned, Stores Purchased, Stores for Reorder etc.

Also data on slow moving balances of stores e.g. Items which are in stores for more than

- (i) 3 months since last moved
- (ii) 6 months since last moved
- (iii) 12 months since last moved
- (xxi) Housing Related information.

Other Important Definitions of Terms used in Port Statistics

| Sr. No. | Term | Definition |
|------------|------------------------------|--|
| 1 | Ballast | Any material intended to provide stability to the ship when it is otherwise empty. |
| 2 | Barge | A term applied to a flag officer's boat in naval usage, or to an elegantly fitted boat, or craft of ceremony propelled by oars or mechanically and reserved for the use of high officials when transported in State. In a legal sense a barge is usually held to be a boat or vessel and hence within the letter of the laws relating to such craft. |
| 3 | Berth-Day | A day of occupation of a berth (quay or mooring) by a ship. |
| 4 | Bunker | Ship-space for storing fuel (Coal, Oil etc.). |
| 5 | Coastal Ship | A ship exclusively employed in trading between any port or place in India and any other port or place in the subcontinent of India or between ports or places in India and port or places in Sri Lanka, Bangladesh or Myanmar. |
| 6 | Craft | A term in marine parlance applied to every kind of vessel but more especially to small vessels when referred to collectively. For marine insurance purposes, a craft is any barge, lighter, river trades or any other boat or vessel employed in carrying, shipping or discharging the goods insured. |
| 7 | Cranage | The hire charges for providing a port crane for cargo handling. |
| 8 | Dead Weight Tonnage (DWT) | It is the number of tons of (2240 pounds) stores, fuel and cargo that a ship can transport. This presents the actual carrying capacity of a ship. |
| 9 | Draft | The depth necessary to submerge a ship to their load line. |
| 10 | Dumb Barge | A barge which has no means of self propulsion in the way of sails or engine power and which has to be towed or is allowed to drift under the influence of the tide or current. |

11 **Export** Loaded overseas traffic. 12 Gang Gang is a group of workers formed as one unit for the purpose of handling cargo in the act of discharging from or loading on to the ship, inside the ship, inside the hatchhold of the vessel or in the deck as per necessity. 13 Gang hours Number of hours per shift multiplied by number of gang shift. 14 Gang shift Refers to a gang (irrespective of number of persons in the gang) working in one shift. 15 Gross It applies to the vessels and not to cargo. It is the weight of the volume occupied by the closed-in-spaces of a ship Registered taking 100 cubic feet of such closed-in-spaces as Tonnage (GRT) equivalent to one vessels ton. It thus refers to the cubic capacity of the vessels. 16 Home-Trade A ship not exceeding three thousand tons gross which is Ship employed in trading between any port or place in India and any other port or place in the subcontinent of India or between ports or places in India and ports or places in Sri Maldive Islands. Federation of Singapore, Bangladesh or Myanmar. 17 **Hopper Barge** A steel or wooden barge of very full-mid-ship section employed in harbours and used for the disposal of mud. gravel, sand etc., taken from a dredger and then conveyed to a dumping ground where the cargo is discharged through the bottom; also called 'dump scow'. **Idle Time** 18 Non-working time of a ship (without loading or unloading of cargo) at berth. 19 **Import** Unloaded overseas traffic. 20 Lash Lighter aboard ship. 21 A large, heavy and beamy ship's boat with flat floors and Launch rather shallow draft, formerly used and designed for carrying stores and men. 22 Lighterage Loading into and discharging out of lighters.

| 23 | Load Line | The outer line on the body of a ship upto which ship submerges in water with safety. It varies according to the seasons and waters in which she plies. |
|----|---------------------------------|---|
| 24 | Man-days Lost | The total number of days lost due to unscheduled stoppages of work. |
| 25 | Mooring Vessel | A vessel which is secured by moorings. |
| 26 | Net Registered Tonnage (NRT) | It refers to the earning space capacity of a ship available for the storage of cargo and accommodation of passengers. It is obtained by deducting from GRT the cubic capacity space (taking 100 cubic feet = 1 ton) occupied by stores, fuel, machinery, crew etc. which does not represent the earning capacity of the ship. |
| 27 | Ore/Oil and Bulk Carrier | A bulk cargo ship designed to carry ore and oil enabling thereby to be loaded in both directions. |
| 28 | Passenger Ship | A ship carrying more than twelve passengers. |
| 29 | Pilotage | A port charge for guiding a ship in or out of a harbour through channels, passages or other waters by an authorized pilot. |
| 30 | Port Dues | A charge levied by Ports on the vessel. |
| 31 | Reefer Vessel | A vessel with refrigerating facilities. |
| 32 | Roll-on/Roll-off Vessel | It is frequently called a vehicle ferry. It is designed for the conveyance of road vehicles and private cars. At each terminal port, a tramp of link span is provided enabling the vehicles to drive on or off the vessels, thereby eliminating cranage and cargo handling (and also pilferage) and permitting a quick turn round of the ships. |
| 33 | Sailing Vessel | Any description of vessel provided with sufficient sail area for navigation under sails along whether or not fitted with mechanical means of propulsion and includes a rowing boat or crane but does not include a pleasure craft. |
| 34 | Ship-Day | A day spent in harbour by a ship. |
| | | |

| | | surveys in coastal waters and on the high seas. Surveying vessels are in most instance Government owned. |
|----|---------------|---|
| 36 | Tankers | Cargo ships constructed or adopted for the carriage in bulk of liquid cargoes of an inflammable nature. |
| 37 | Traffic | A scalar with only magnitude but no direction such as the total of exports and imports or loaded and unloaded cargo. |
| 38 | Traffic flows | A vector with magnitude and direction such as passengers embarked/disembarked or cargo exports/imports. |
| 39 | Tug Boat | A mechanically propelled vessel of small tonnage with little or no cargo capacity, used for towing or assisting vessels at sea, in or out of harbour, rivers and docks also for coastal or harbour towage of barges, lighters and other small craft; also called tow boat, tug. |
| 40 | Wharfage | A charge levied by ports on cargo for use of port surface over which cargo moves. |