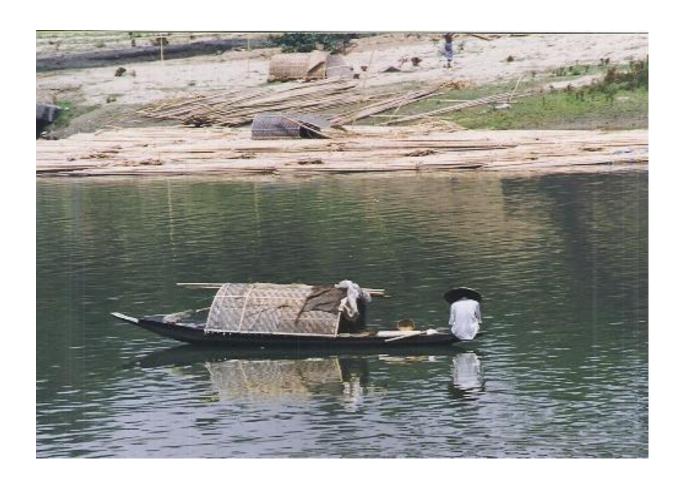
# STATISTICS OF INLAND WATER TRANSPORT 2012-13





Government of India
Ministry of Road Transport & Highways
Transport Research Wing
New Delhi

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#### PREFACE

Transport Research Wing (TRW) in the Ministry of Road Transport and Highways is the nodal agency for providing information/data on various facets of Shipping and Inland Water Transport. The present issue "Statistics of Inland Water Transport 2012-13" is the 20<sup>th</sup> issue in the series.

The present volume gives an overview of the current status of Inland Water Transport (IWT). Besides it consists of 8 sections covering navigable waterways and infrastructure, cargo movement on waterways, commodity/route wise cargo movement, IWT activities across States/UTs, IWT activities undertaken by private and public sector companies, plan outlays/expenditure for IWT sector, accidents related to inland waterways and Inland Waterways in select countries.

In this volume, a theme paper on 'Cargo Movement on National Waterways', has also been included. The paper analyses trend in cargo movement on three National Waterways I, II & III during 2001-02 to 2012-13.

Though the information contained in the volume is obtained from a large number of source agencies spread across both public and private sector, with the cooperation of the various stakeholders, we have been successful in reducing the time lag in bringing out collated data to less than a year. We hope to receive their continued cooperation in future also.

I take this opportunity to thank all who have contributed to improve and complete this issue. Suggestions from the users of information are welcome to improve quality and coverage. The officers and staff of the TRW deserve special mention for the considerable effort put in by them leading to the release of this publication.

(Dr.Vishwapati Trivedi)

December, 2013

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# Cargo Movement on National Waterways in India

Inland Water Transport (IWT) is a fuel efficient, employment intensive and environment friendly mode of transportation. It is recognized all over the world for its inherent advantage of being the cheapest mode of transport for bulk haulage over long distance between places situated along the waterfront. Its energy efficiency, low pollution and potential for employment generation are universally accepted.

India is richly endowed with navigable waterways, comprising rivers, canals, backwaters, creeks, etc. It is estimated that about 15500 km of the waterways could be used for passenger and cargo movement. Inland Water Transport is important only in few States, namely, Assam, West Bengal, Bihar, Mumbai, Goa and Kerala. Also, it is operational only in restricted stretches of Ganga-Bhagirathi-Hooghly rivers; the Brahmaputra river; the Barak river; the rivers in Goa; the backwaters in Kerala; inland waters in Mumbai and the deltaic regions of the Godavari-Krishna rivers. About 60-70 million tonnes of cargo is being moved annually by inland water transport during the past few years.

In India, the capacity of Inland Water Transport is under-utilised, because most navigable waterways suffer from hazards like shallow water and narrow width of channel during dry weather; silting of river beds and erosion of banks; absence of adequate infrastructural facilities like terminals for loading and berthing and surface road links.

The 'Inland Waterways Authority of India (IWAI)' was set up under the 'Inland Waterways Authority of India Act, 1985' to optimally develop and harness the potential of Inland Waterways in the country. The IWAI has been established for the development and regulation of inland waterways for shipping and navigation and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto. The Inland Waterways Authority of India Act, 1985, empowers the Government to declare waterways with potential for development of shipping and navigation as National Waterways.

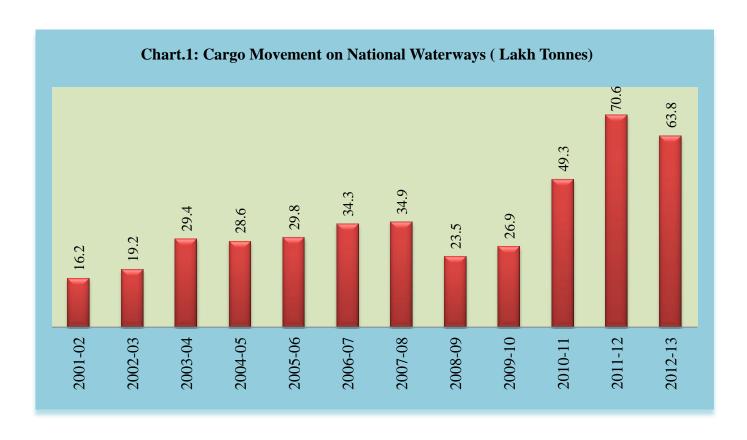
Presently, the IWAI is operating three waterways: (i) Allahabad-Haldia stretch (1620 km) of the Ganga-Bhagirathi-Hooghly river system in UP, Bihar, Jharkhand and West Bengal as the National Waterway No-I, (ii) Sadiya-Dhubri stretch (891 km) Brahmaputra River in Assam as the National Waterway No-II and (iii) Kollam-Kottappuram stretch of West Coast Canal (168 km) along with Champakara canal (14km) and Udyogmandal canal (23km) in Kerala as the National Waterway No-

III. Two new National Waterways IV & V have been notified. However, they are yet to be operationalised.

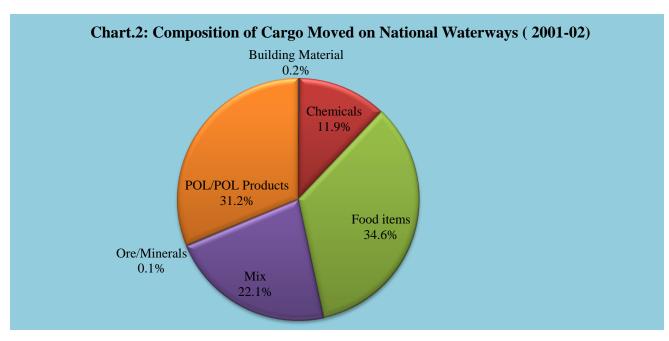
The objective of this theme paper is to study the trend of cargo movement on the routes of the National Waterways and the percentage share of cargo moved on the three National Waterways individually over the total cargo moved on all National Waterways in India between the year 2001-02 and 2012-13, using the data from the Publications 'Inland Water Transport in India', published by Ministry of Shipping, Government of India.

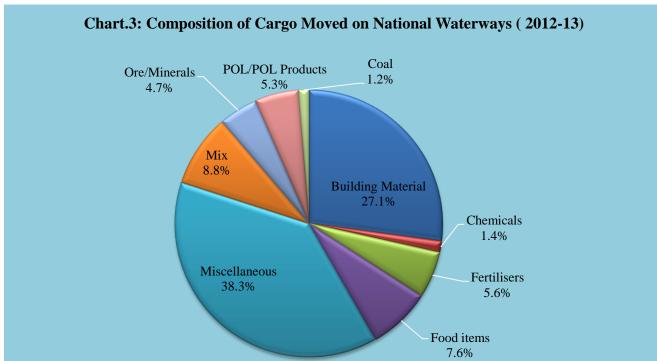
#### **Cargo Movement on National Waterways**

The total cargo moved on three National Waterways has shown four-fold increase over the period 2001-02 to 2012-13, from 16.2 lakh tonnes in 2001-02 to 63.8 lakh tonnes in 2012-13. The cargo moved on National Waterways exhibits an almost increasing trend during the last twelve years except for the years 2004-05, 2008-09 and 2012-13 when the total cargo moved declined as compared to that in the previous year. The total cargo movement on three National Waterways from 2001-02 to 2012-13 is given in Chart 1.



The commodity composition of the cargo movement on three National Waterways for the years 2001-02 and 2012-13 is presented in Charts 2 and 3 respectively.



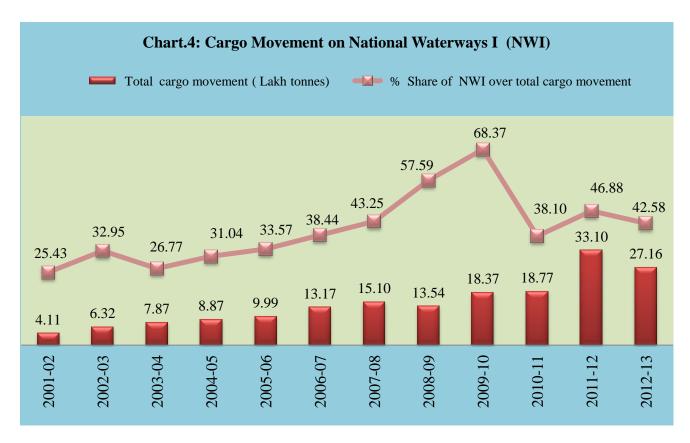


It may be seen from charts 2 and 3 that POL/POL Products and Food Items had a major share in the cargo moved in 2001-02, while Building Material and Miscellaneous Items contributed about 65% of the cargo moved on National Waterways during 2012-13.

#### Cargo Movement on National Waterway I

The year on year movement of cargo on National Waterway I (NW-I) and the percentage share of cargo moved on NW-I to the total cargo moved on National Waterways from 2001-02 to 2012-13 is given in Chart4.

The total cargo moved in a year on National Waterway-I has increased in 10 out of 12 years except for the years 2008-09 and 2012-13, when the cargo moved in a year declined by 10.33% and 17.95% respectively compared to the cargo moved in the previous year. The total cargo moved on National Waterway-I was 27.16 Lakh tonnes in the year 2012-13 as against 4.11 lakh tonnes in the year 2001-02 recording CAGR of 18.73%. During the last twelve years, the highest year to year growth in the cargo movement on National Waterway-I at 76.35% was achieved in the year 2011-12.

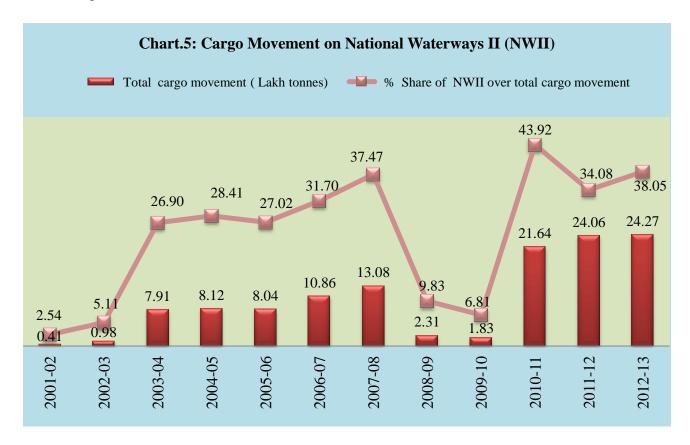


The percentage share of cargo moved on National Waterway-I over the total cargo moved on all the three National Waterways has increased from 25.43% in 2001-02 to 42.58% in 2012-13.

#### Cargo Movement on National Waterway II

The total cargo moved on National Waterway II was 0.41 Lakh tonnes only in 2001-02, which increased to 24.27 Lakh tonnes in 2012-13 recording a CAGR of 44.92%. The share of cargo moved on National Waterway II in the total cargo moved on National Highways increased from 2.54% in 2001-02 to 38.05% in 2012-13.

The percentage share of cargo moved on National Waterway II over the total cargo moved on National Waterways and movement of total cargo on National Waterway II between the years 2001-02 and 2012-13 is given in Chart 5.



The cargo moved on National Waterway II has shown an increasing trend during the last twelve years, except for the two years 2008-09 and 2009-10.

#### Cargo Movement on National Waterway III

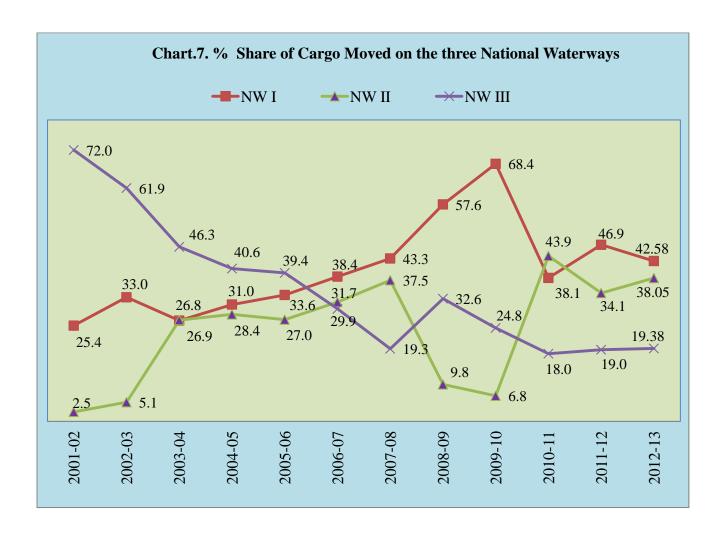
Chart 6 shows cargo movement on the route of National Waterway III and the percentage share of cargo moved on National Waterway III to the total cargo moved on National Waterways during 2001-

02 to 2012-13. Cargo movement on NW-III in tonnage has varied from 6.67 lakh tonnes in 2009-10 to 13.62 tonnes in 2003-04.



The total cargo moved on the route of National Waterway III was more than 11 lakhs tonnes during 2001-02 to 2005-06 which decreased to 6.67 lakhs tonnes in 2009-10 and thereafter it picked up to 13.44 lakhs tonnes in 2011-12. The percentage share of cargo moved on National Waterway III over the total cargo moved on National Waterways is indicating a visibly clear decreasing trend from 72.03% during the year 2001-02 to 19.38% during the year 2012-13.

The percentage share of cargo moved on the three national waterways during the period 2001-02 to 2012-13 is given in chart 7.



#### **Conclusion:**

On the basis of above trend analysis of cargo moved on the different waterways, following conclusions may be drawn.

- 1. While the volume of cargo moved on National Waterways I & II has increased several folds, on the National Waterway III, the cargo has marginally increased. As a consequence, the percentage shares of cargo moved on National Waterways I and II have shown an upward trend, while the share of National Waterways III has declined substantially.
- 2. The commodity composition of the total cargo moved on NW-I, II and III taken together has changed over the period under study. POL/POL Products and Food Items contributed about two-third of the cargo moved on National Waterways in 2001-02, while Building Material and Miscellaneous Items had a major share in the cargo moved on National Waterways during 2012-13.

# **Inland Water Transport: An Overview**

#### **INTRODUCTION**

India is endowed with a variety of navigable waterways comprising river systems, canals, back waters, creeks, and tidal inlets. However, navigation by mechanized crafts is possible only over a limited length covering about half of the reported navigable waterways. The navigable waterways are confined to a few States and location specific. The Inland Water Transport (IWT) is functionally important in regions covered by the Brahmputra and the Ganges in the North East and Eastern parts of the country, Kerala, Goa and in the deltas of the rivers of Krishna and Godavari where IWT offers natural advantages. IWT has an important role to play in many parts of the country since it offers an economic, energy efficient, employment intensive and almost pollutant free mode of transport service. In spite of the merits of IWT, its operation is constrained by several factors like shallow water, narrow width during dry weather, siltation and bank erosion, inadequate vertical and horizontal clearances in a large number of overhead structures making navigation throughout the year a daunting task.

#### POLICY INITIATIVES AND MILESTONES

- 2. Before 1950, there was no proper institutional set up for the development of IWT. A beginning was made during the First Plan when the Ganga-Brahmaputra Water Transport Board was set up as a Joint Venture of the Central Government and State Governments of Uttar Pradesh, Bihar, West Bengal and Assam. Its objective was to coordinate the efforts of the participating Governments in developing water transport on the Ganga and Brahmaputra Systems. Subsequently, the Government of India established the Inland Water Transport Directorate in the then Ministry of Shipping and Transport in 1965. In March, 1967, the Ganga-Brahmaputra Water Transport Board was merged with the IWT Directorate. Also, Central Inland Water Transport Corporation Ltd. (CIWTC) was set up at Kolkata in 1967 after taking over the assets and liabilities of the erstwhile River Steam Navigation Company Ltd.
- 3. In pursuance of the recommendations of the National Transport Policy Committee (NTPC), the Inland Waterways Authority of India (IWAI) was set up on October 27, 1986 by an Act of Parliament in 1985 for development, maintenance and regulation of National Waterways for shipping and navigation in the country. Three basic IWT related infrastructure for development of waterways are:

- (a) Fairway or navigational channel with desired width and depth
- (b) Terminals for berthing of vessels, loading/unloading of cargo and for providing interface with road and rail; and
- (c) Navigational aid for safe navigation.
- 4. The Ministry of Shipping is entrusted with the overall responsibility of development of inland water transport in the country. Besides, assistance is being provided to States by the Central Government under Centrally Sponsored Schemes to develop waterways, terminals, navigational aids and undertake survey and studies related to IWT. The assistance under this scheme used to be upto 50% by way of loan on reimbursement basis. However, the pattern of assistance was revised in 2002-03 to 100% in the form of grant under the scheme to the North Eastern States, (including Sikkim) and 90% grant to other states for the development of Inland Water Transport. An Inland Vessel Building Subsidy Scheme was also in place since April, 2002 upto 31st March 2007. Under this scheme, subsidy up to 30% cost of Inland Vessel built in India for operation on National Waterways (NWs), Sunderbans and Indo-Bangladesh protocol routes could be availed. With a view to attract private sector participation in IWT a number of promotional measures and fiscal incentives have been provided. IWAI Act was amended in September 2001 to facilitate promotion of Joint Venture by IWAI; equity participation of Government/IWAI has been limited to a ceiling of 40% for BOT project; Tax exemptions similar to National Highways notified for IWT and customs duty concessions for specified IWT equipments were notified in 2002.

#### INLAND WATERWAYS AUTHORITY OF INDIA

- 5. The Inland Waterways Authority of India (IWAI) was set up under the Inland Waterways Authority of India Act, 1985 is entrusted with the regulation and development of Inland Waterways for the purpose of inland shipping and navigation. Its important functions are:
- (i) Conducting surveys and investigations and techno-economic feasibility for developing inland water transport mode;
- (ii) Development and regulation of National Waterways for shipping and navigation by providing conservancy measures, river training works, setting up infrastructural facilities etc.;
- (iii) Other connected/subsidiary functions include regulation of traffic, coordination with other modes of transport for movement on the National Waterways maintenance of Pilot age etc;
- (iv) To assist and advise central and State Government on matters relating to Inland Water Transport.

#### Box 1: Inland Water Transport (IWT): A Historical Perspective

The commercial history of India gives a glorious account of growth of navigation on inland waterways. The location of a large number of towns on waterways, which were also centers of trade and commerce, much before railways, indicate the value of this mode in the past.

The era of mechanical propulsion in India started in 1823 when the first propelled craft-Diana-weighing 89 tonnes, sailed with passengers from Kulpi road to Calcutta, a distance of 80 kms on the Hooghly. In 1834, a regular monthly steamer service was established between Calcutta and stations upstream on the Ganga for carrying the East India Company's officials and stores. In 1842, a regular fortnightly service grew up between Calcutta and Agra on the river Yamuna. By 1863, a regular steam service commenced between Calcutta and Assam. A network of steamer services soon developed extending as far as Garh-Mukteshwar on the river Ganga in Uttar Pradesh, about 645 kms from Allahabad, and Ayodhya on the river Ghagra, about 325 kms at its confluence with the Ganga.

In the 19th century navigation by power crafts and country boats played a dominant role in development of trade and commerce along river banks and catchment areas of the navigable river and canal system. Bulk of traffic was, however, carried in country boats plying from Delhi and Nepal border to Assam. At its peak in 1876-77 country boat traffic registered at Calcutta were about 180,000 cargo boats, at Hooghly 124,000 cargo boats, and at Patna about 62,000 cargo boats.

The advent of railways and extension of its network marked a turning point for water-transport in India. To start with, construction of main railway lines gave a spurt to river traffic as the two modes supplemented each other, with waterways providing feeder service to railways. This complementarily between IWT and railways was, however, short-lived. The decline of navigation started by about 1860. By that time extension of East Indian Railways had begun to make itself felt. With an increase in rail network new centers of economic activity away from waterways developed. Gradually, IWT lost its superiority.

Source: Chapter 15, Inland Water Transport, Report of the National Transport Policy Committee, Government of India, Planning Commission, May 1980

#### NAVIGABLE WATERWAYS & INFRASTRUCTURE

6. Length of waterways along with its navigable length is an indicator of inland water potential of a state. Table 1 gives Total and Navigable length of Waterways reported across States/UTs. It is observed that the maximum length of waterways is in the State of Uttar Pradesh with 6444 kms followed by Assam with 5290 kms. However, the ratio of the navigable length to the total length of the river/canal better reflects the potential for IWT.

As per the available data presented in Table 1, it is observed that the ratio of navigable length to the total length is about 97% in the State of West Bengal; by contrast, in case of Gujarat the ratio of navigable length to total length is a mere 15.62%. Other States with good inland water transport prospects are Goa, Maharashtra and Bihar where waterways navigable length is 78.29, 73.22 and 62.40% respectively of the total length of rivers/lands/lakes reported by these states. Fourteen states have reported river length as well as navigable length for 136 rivers. These 136 rivers have total length of 25832 Km of which 48.47% is navigable length.

Table 1: Total and Navigable Length of Waterways in different States –2012-13 (In kms)								
State	Total Length of the Rivers/	Navigable	Percentage of Navigable					
	Canals/ Lakes in State (Km.)	Length (Km.)	Length to Total Length					
Andhra Pradesh	3260	730	22.39					
Assam <sup>#</sup>	5290	1713	32.38					
Bihar <sup>##</sup>	2229	1391	62.40					
Goa	258	202	78.29					
Gujarat	653	102	15.62					
Karnataka	2862	1215	42.45					
Kerala###	2779	845.2	30.41					
Maharashtra	631	462	73.22					
Orissa####	1378	508	36.87					
Nagaland**	937	375	40.02					
Mizoram	787	372	47.27					
Tamil Nadu \$	27	12	44.44					
Uttar Pradesh**	6444	425 @						
West Bengal	4741	4593	96.88					

<sup>...</sup> Not Available \*\* Pertains to 2007-08,

#### CARGO MOVEMENT ON MAJOR WATERWAYS

7. Table 2 provides a snap view of cargo moved on the three national waterways, waterways of Goa and Maharashtra which carry most of the cargo traffic on India's Inland Waterways. The total cargo movement on India's waterways comprising the three national waterways and waterways in the State of Goa and Maharashtra decreased to 412.52 lakhs tonnes in 2012-13 from 704.79 lakh tonnes in 2011-12, reflecting a decrease of 41.47%. The decline in the total cargo

<sup>@</sup> Navigable length Pertains to NW I for Allahabad-Buxar stretch in Uttar Pradesh.

<sup>\*</sup> Pertains to 2 rivers. There are 24 others rivers in Assam having navigable length of 1541 Kms whose total length is not available.

Pertains to 6 rivers. There are 9 others rivers in Bihar having total length of 1534 Kms whose navigable length is not available.

Pertains to 34 rivers. There are 7 others rivers in Kerala having total length of 313 Kms whose navigable length is not available.

Pertains to 3 rivers. There are 26 others rivers in Orissa having navigable length of 1142 Kms whose total length is not available.

<sup>\$</sup> Pertain to one river. There are 3 of the canals having total length of 170 kms.

movement in 2012-13 over 2011-12 is mainly attributed to the decline in cargo movement on Goa Waterways, due to ban on iron ore mining/export by the Supreme Court of India w.e.f. 5<sup>th</sup> October, 2012. In terms of tonnage, Goa and Maharashtra accounted for 25.9% and 58.7% respectively of the total cargo volume in 2012-13 with balance 15.5% being accounted by the 3 National Waterways. In terms of tonne km (movement of one tonne of cargo over a distance of one km) also, there was a decrease of 19.6% in 2012-13 over 2011-12. Maharashtra waterways accounted more than 50.0% of the total cargo movement on inland waterways across India. In case of Goa and Maharashtra, high volume of cargo movement was carried over relatively short average distances of about 96 Kms and 19 Kms respectively leading to their intensive use. However, in the three National Waterways the volume of cargo traffic was relatively much small. In case of National Waterway II (The Brahmaputra) and National Waterway III (Champakara canal, Udyogmandal canal and West Coast canal) the distance traversed by cargo was on an average around 24 Kms and 11 Kms respectively in 2012-13. In case of National Waterway I (Ganga- Bhagirathi-Hooghly) the average distance over which cargo moved was relatively much longer at around 557 Kms.

Table 2	Table 2: Cargo Movement on Waterways							
CI No	Details of	Cargo Moved (	lakh Tonnes)	Tonne Kms (ir	ı lakh )			
Sl. No.	Waterway	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13			
1	National Waterway	33.10(4.7)	27.16(6.6)	14546(38.2)	15119(49.4)			
1	No. I							
2	National Waterway	24.06(3.4)	24.27(5.9)	613(1.6)	580(1.9)			
4	No. II							
3	<b>National Waterway</b>	13.44(1.9)	12.36(3.0)	132(0.3)	139(0.5)			
3	No. III							
	<b>Sub Total NWs</b>	70.60(10.0)	63.79(15.5)	15291(40.1)	15838(51.7)			
4	Goa Waterways	434.69(61.7)	106.77(25.9)	19009(49.9)	10240(33.4)			
5	Maharashtra	199.5(28.3)	241.96(58.7)	3798(10.0)	4551(14.9)			
ח	Waterways							
	<b>Grand Total</b>	704.79(100.0)	412.52(100.0)	38098(100.0)	30629(100.0)			

Source:

- (i) Inland Waterways Authority of India for National Waterways
- (ii) Data for Goa Waterways include the data received from Ports department, Govt of Goa and the data received from the Mormugao Port Trust (MPT).
- (iii) Maharashtra Maritime Board for Maharashtra Waterways.

#### Note

- 1. Cargo handled in Kolkata-Bangladesh-Kolkata route is included in the traffic on National Waterway No. I. The route is a link between NW-I & NW-II through Bangladesh
- 2. Average IWT distance of 50kms for the data received from Govt of Goa and 40.6kms for the data received from Mormugao Port Trust.
- 3. Figure within brackets indicates percentage to the total.

#### NATIONAL WATERWAYS (NW)

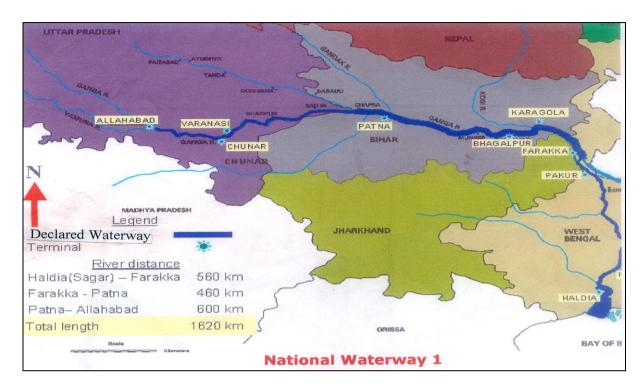
#### Box 2: Criteria for declaration of National Waterway

- It should possess capability of navigation by mechanically propelled vessels of minimum 300 tonnes (DWT) capacity (45m x 8m x1.2m);
- It should have a fairway of minimum 40m wide channel with 1.4m depth in case of rivers and minimum 30m wide channel with 1.8m depth in case of canals. Exception may be given in case of irrigation-cum-navigation canals based on request of the concerned State Govt in order to safeguard the interest of irrigation;
- It should be a continuous stretch of minimum 50 kms; the only exception to be made to waterway length is for urban conglomerations and intra-port traffic; and
- It should pass through and serve the interest of more than one States or connect a vast and
  prosperous hinterland and major port, or either pass through or connect a strategic region
  where development of navigations is considered necessary to provide logistic support for
  economic development or national security, or connect place not served by any other
  mode of transport.
- 8. The Three waterways that have been declared as National Waterways are:
  - (a) Allahabad-Haldia stretch (1620 kms) of Ganga-Bhagirathi-Hooghly river system was declared National Waterway- 1 in October, 1986.
  - (b) Sadiya-Dhubri stretch (891 kms) of the Brahmaputra river was declared National Waterways- II in September, 1988.
  - (c) Kottapuram-Kollam stretch (168 kms) of the West Coast Canal along with Champakara canal (14 kms) and Udyogmandal canal (23 kms) was declared National Waterways-III in February, 1993.

#### National Waterways-I (The Ganga-Bhagirathi-Hooghly)

9. The National Waterway No. 1 has been divided into three stretches for operational convenience and is being developed for shipping and navigation. Over the years, schemes for river conservancy works have been undertaken along with the issues connected with river depth and navigability, repair of vessels, terminal maintenance and other related works. Least Available Depth (LAD) of 2m round the year is being maintained between Haldia and Patna (1020 km) and; LAD of 1.5m between Patna-Varanasi (363 km) for most part of the year. However, LAD of 1.5 metre is maintained only for 4-5 monsoon months in a year between Varanasi and Allahabad stretch (237 km). The volume of freight movement on National Waterways-I was 27.16 lakh tonnes in 2012-13 as against 33.10 lakh tonnes in 2011-12 reflecting a decline of 17.95 %. Although the volume of cargo movement by CIWTC, VIVADA IWL and other private operators

have decreased in 2012-13 over 2011-12, the volume of cargo moved by IWAI vessels has increased considerably during 2012-13 as compared to 2011-12. IWAI vessels moved 16.42 thousand tonnes cargo on NW-I in 2012-13 as against 2.29 thousand tonnes moved during 2011-12.

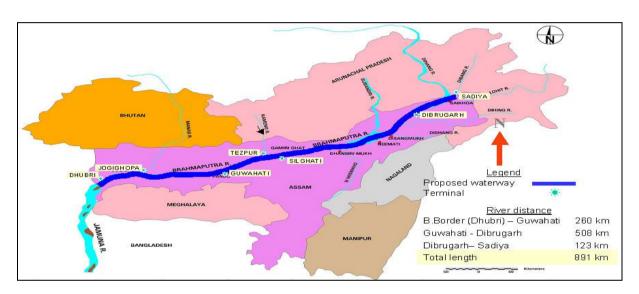


10. The composition of cargo movement on National Waterway I over the years is shown in Table 3 below. Building material accounted for 63.6% of total cargo movement along the NW-I during 2012-13.

Table 3: Composition of Cargo Moved on National Waterway- I (In Tonnes)								
Name of the Commodity	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13			
Building Material	835585 (61.7)	1388365(75.6)	1492395 (79.5)	1529401 (46.2)	1727685 (63.6)			
Fertilizers	-	-	7500 (0.4)	-	52000 (1.9)			
Food items	42352 (3.1)	1434 (0.1)	9110 (0.5)	15000 (0.5)	345179 (12.7)			
Miscellaneous	42814(3.2)	145000 (7.9)	41984 (2.2)	22509 (0.7)	13842 (0.5)			
Mix	-	-	-	1459428(44.1)	21800 (0.8)			
Ore/Minerals	96358 (7.1)	25283 (1.4)	2648 (0.1)	550 (neg.)	229000 (8.4)			
POL/POL products	337189 (24.9)	277030 (15.0)	324111 (17.3)	281954 (8.5)	247341 (9.1)			
Coal	-	-	-	1205 (neg.)	79590 (2.9)			
Total NW I	1354298	1837112	1877748	3310047	2716437 (100)			
	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)				
Note: Figure within brackets indicates percentage to the total.  Neg negligible								

#### National Waterways No. II (The Brahmaputra)

11. Since its declaration as National Waterway II various developmental activities have been taken up on the Sadiya-Dhubri stretch of Brahmaputra. Some of the schemes undertaken to improve navigability include river conservancy works such as bandalling, channel marking and hydrographic surveys. Pilotage services have also been provided to the vessels plying on this waterway. River conservancy works for maintaining navigable depth are taken up on a year to year basis. LAD of 2 metres between Dhubri and Dibrugarh (768 km) is maintained for most part of the year. However, between Dibrugarh and Sadiya, LAD of 1.5 metres could be maintained only during monsoon months.



12. The total cargo traffic on NW II was 24.27 lakh tonnes during 2012-13 as against 24.06 lakh tonnes during 2011-12 reflected a very small increase. Commodity-wise composition of cargo movement indicates that there is no single item with significant share on this waterway during the year 2012-13. The cargo moved on this waterway is of a mixed nature.

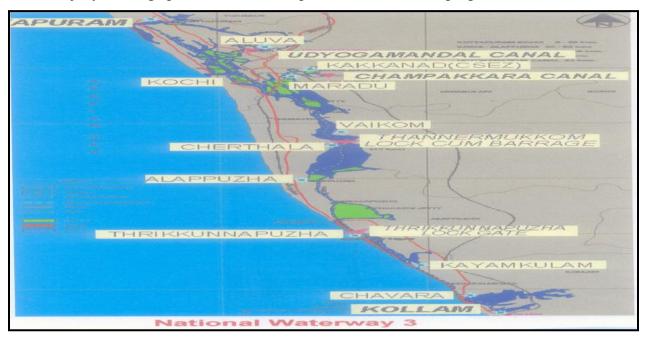
Table 4: Composition of Cargo Moved on National Waterway - II (In Tonnes)								
Commodity	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13			
Building Material	5100 (2.2)	745 (0.4)	-	-				
Food items	-	336 (0.2)	600 (neg.)	-				
	225040	182260	2163145 (100.0)	2406448	2426805			
Miscellaneous	(97.3)	(99.4)		(100.0)	(100.0)			
Mix	-	-	-	-				
Ore/Minerals	-	-	-	-				
POL/POL	1169 (0.5)	-	-	-				
Products								
	231309	183341	2163745	2406448	2426805			
Total NW II	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)			

Note: Figure within bracket indicates percentage to the total.

Neg. - negligible

#### **The National Waterway No. III (West Coast Canal)**

13. The National Waterway No. III consists of three main stretches viz. Champakara Canal, Udyogmandal canal and West Coast canal. It runs parallel to the coastline Fairway maintenance works including maintenance, dredging, channel marking are taken up on a year to year basis. Capital dredging for widening and deepening of canal has been completed between Kochi and Thakazhi jetty and large parts of Kochi-Kottapuram stretch is under progress.



14. The total volume of cargo moved on National Waterway III has been fluctuating over the past few years. It has, however, gone down from 13.44 lakh tonnes in 2011-12 to 12.36 lakh tonnes in 2012-13 recording a decrease of 8.04%. The cargo composition of freight traffic shows that Fertilisers (24.8%), food items (11.4%), POL/POL products (7.2%) and chemicals (7.2%) were the major commodities moved through NW-III during 2012-13.

Table 5: Con	Table 5: Composition of Cargo Moved on National Waterway - III (In Tonnes)							
Commodity	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13			
Chemicals	-	-	96804 (11.0)	61005 (4.5)	89074 (7.2)			
Fertilisers	327824 (42.8)	248917 (37.3)	328468 (37.1)	308807 (23.0)	306034 (24.8)			
Food items	-	199400 (29.9)	144740 (16.3)	131720 (9.8)	141000 (11.4)			
Mix	308218 (40.2)	34868 (5.2)	94067 (10.6)	687946 (51.2)	538670 (43.6)			
Ore/Minerals	44953 (5.9)	52452 (7.9)	59546 (6.7)	15063 (1.1)	72163 (5.8)			
POL/POL products	85219 (11.1)	131560 (19.7)	162069 (18.3)	139229 (10.4)	89462 (7.2)			
Total NW III	766214	667197	885694	1343770	1236403			
	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)			
Note: Figure v	within brackets	indicate percen	tage to the total					

15. The total cargo moved through all the three National Waterways (NW) decreased by 9.65% to 63.79 lakh tonnes during 2012-13 compared with 70.60 lakh tonnes during 2011-12. In 2012-13, share of cargo moved in volume terms across the three national waterways i.e NW I, (The Ganga- Bhagirathi- Hooghly) NW II (The Brahmaputra) and NW III (Champakara canal, Udyogmandal canal and west Cost canal) has been 42.6%, 38.0%, and 19.4% respectively of the total cargo moved in national waterways. In terms of tonne kilometers, the share of NW I, NW II and NW III is 95.5%, 3.7% and 0.9% of the total tonne kilometers moved. The high share of NW I in tonne kilometers reflect long average distance traversed by cargo is 557 kms compared with an average distance of about 24 kms for NW II and average distance of 11 kms for NW III in the year 2012-13. Table 6 gives cargo movement of National Waterways in Tonnage and Tonne Kilometers.

Table	Table 6: Cargo Movement on National Waterways							
Sl.	<b>Details of Waterway</b>	Cargo	Moved	Tonne Kms				
No.		( lakh T	Γonnes)	(in lakh )				
		2011-12 2012-13		2011-12	2012-13			
1	National Waterway	33.10(46.9)	27.16(42.6)	14546(95.1)	15119(95.5)			
1	No. I							
2	National Waterway	24.06(34.1)	24.27(38.0)	613(4.0)	580(3.7)			
4	No. II							
2	National Waterway	13.44(19.0)	12.36(19.4)	132(0.9)	139(0.9)			
3	No. III							
	Total NWs	70.60(100.0)	63.79(100.0)	15291(100.0)	15838(100.0)			

Source: Inland Waterways Authority of India for National Waterways. Cargo handled in Kolkata-Bangladesh-Kolkata route is included in the traffic on National Waterway No.I. The route is a link between NW-I & NW-II through Bangladesh

**Note:** Figure within brackets indicate percentage to the total

16. The movement of Building material has shown significant increase and POL/POL Products has shown decrease on the National Waterways in 2012-2013. The details of the commodities moved on the National Waterways is presented in Table 7.

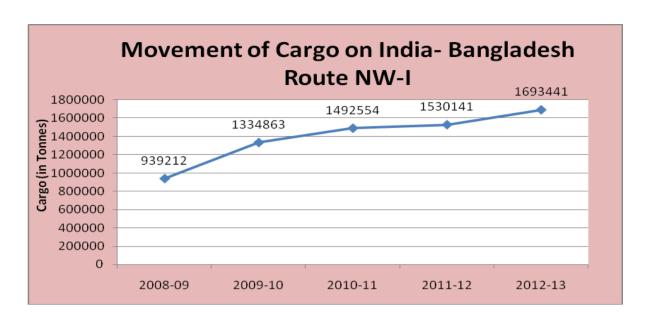
Table 7: Composition of Cargo Moved on national waterways (In tonnes)							
Commodity	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13		
Building Material	840685	1389110	1492395	1529401	1727685		
	(35.8)	(51.6)	(30.3)	(21.7)	(27.1)		
Chemicals	-	-	96804 (2.0)	61005 (0.9)	89074 (1.4)		
Fertilisers	327824	248917	335968 (6.8)	308807	358034 (5.6)		
	(13.9)	(9.3)		(4.4)			
Food items	42352 (1.8)	201170	154450 (3.1)	146720	486179 (7.6)		
		(7.5)		(2.1)			
Miscellaneous	267854	327260	2205129	2428957	2440647		
	(11.4)	(12.2)	(44.7)	(34.4)	(38.3)		
Mix	308218	34868 (1.3)	94067 (1.9)	2147374	560470 (8.8)		
	(13.1)			(30.4)			
Ore/Minerals	141311	77735 (2.9)	62194 (1.3)	15613 (0.2)	301163 (4.7)		
	(6.0)						
POL/POL	423577	408590	486180 (9.9)	421183	336803 (5.3)		
Products	(18.0)	(15.2)		(6.0)			
Coal	-	-	-	1205 (0.0)	79590 (1.2)		
	2351821	2687650	4927187	7060265	6379645		
Total	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)		
<b>Note: Figure with</b>	in brackets in	dicate percent	tage to the total				

#### **Box: 3- Indo-Bangladesh Protocol for Inland Water Transport**

An Inland Water Transit and Trade Protocol exist between India and Bangladesh under which inland vessels of one country can transit through the specified routes of the other country. The existing protocol routes are (i) Kolkata-Pandu-Kolkata, (ii) Kolkata-Karimganj-Kolkata, (iii) Rajshahi-Dhulian-Rajshahi and (iv) Pandu-Karimganj-Pandu. For inter-country trade, four ports of call have been designated in each country. These are: Haldia, Kolkata, Pandu and Karimganj in India and Narayanganj, Khulna, Mongla and Sirajganj in Bangladesh. Under the protocol, 50:50; cargo sharing by India and Bangladesh vessels is permitted both for transit and inter country trade. While the protocol permits vessels of either country to carry Indo- Bangladesh trade cargo and prohibits one country's vessels carrying intra- country traffic of the other, Bangladesh vessels are permitted to carry Indian domestic cargo transiting Bangladesh.

#### Cargo carried on Indo -Bangladesh Waterway Route

17. Movement of cargo along India Bangladesh route of National Waterways I have shown growth of 10.67% in year 2012-13 over that in 2011-12. The cargo moved over this route has increased to 1693441 tonnes in 2012-13 against 1530141 tonnes in 2011-12. The graph inserted below depicts trend in cargo movement on India-Bangladesh route National Waterway-I during the years 2008-09 to 2012-13.



18. The table 8 shows the cargo and the main commodities carried on India-Bangladesh route on National Waterway-I during the years 2008-09 to 2012-13.

Table 8: Movement of Cargo (in Tonnes) on India- Bangladesh route of NW I*(Tonnes)									
Route	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	Commodities			
T 11	020212	1224072	1.40255.4	1.5201.41	1,002,441				
India to	939212	1334863	1492554	1530141		Flyash, Salt in bulk, Rice,			
Bangladesh						Wheat POL, Coal, Slag			
						Gypsum, HSD, Edible			
						Oil, Iron Ingots			
Bangladesh	-	-	-	-		Cement, Bone crushed			
to India									
Total	939212	1334863	1492554	1530141	1693441				
*Data perta	*Data pertains to cargo carried on Indian registered vessels only.								

#### TWO NEW NATIONAL WATERWAYS

- 19. Two new water ways have been declared by the Government as National Waterways.
  - (i) The Kakinada Puducherry stretch of Canals and the Kaluvelly Tank; Bhadrachalam – Rajahmundry stretch of River Godavari and Wazirabad – Vijayawada stretch of River Krishna (NW-4, 1095 km); and
  - (ii) The Talcher –Dhamra stretch of river Brahmani, Geonkhali-Charbatia stretch of East Coast Canal, Charbatia-Dhamra stretch of Matai river and Mangalgadi- Paradip stretch of Mahanadi delta rivers (NW5,623 km Gazette notifications for both these waterways were published on 25.11.2008. Detailed Project Reports (DPR) for these new NWs is being prepared.

# NATIONAL WATERWAY 4 (KAKINADA-PUDUCHERRY CANALS WITH GODAVARI AND KRISHNA RIVERS)

- 20. The stretches of the waterway (1095 kms) which has been declared as National Waterways (NW) are as follows:
  - (i) Godavari river from Bhadrachalam to Rajahmundry 171km.
  - (ii) Krishna River from Wazirabad to Vijayawada- 157 km.
  - (iii) Kakinada canal from Rajahmundry-50 km.
  - (iv) Eluru canal from Rajahmundry to Vijayawada-139 km.
  - (v) Commamur canal from Vijayawada to Peddaganjam lock-113 km.
  - (vi) North Buckingam canal from Peddaganmjam lock to Chennai-34 km.
  - (vii) South Buckingham canal from Chennai to Mercanum-103; and
  - (viii) Kaluvelli tank from Mercanum to Puducherry-22km.
- 21. The waterway is located in the States of Andhra Pradesh (888Km), Tamil Nadu (205 km) and Union Territory of Puducherry (2 Km). Out of 1095 km, 50 km stretch within Chennai city (from Ennore to Muthukadu) is not envisaged for development due to encroachment of canal. This waterway runs through rural and Urban centres like Chennai, Vijayawada, Rajahmundry, Kakinada, Eluru, Bhadrachalam &Wazirabad and hence provide a vital link between rural areas and Urban centres Besides bulk cargo namely coal, cement fertilizers etc. it would help movement of agriculture products from rural area to Urban centres and industrial goods from Urban centres to rural areas. Further it also connects sea ports of Kakinada, Krishnapatnam, Ennore and Chennai and will facilitate import/export of cargo from/to hinterland. The waterway is proposed to be developed with 32 m wide and 1.8m deep navigational channel for Godavari river, Krishna river and North and South Buckingham canal while for Kakinada, Eluru and comamur canals with 14 m wide and 1.6m deep navigational channel The Estimated Cost of development of National Waterways at 2008-09 prices is (Rs. 1372 crore).
- 22. The Government of Andhra Pradesh has suggested for making availability of water in rivers and Irrigation canals for 330 days in a year for navigation. After the construction of dams at Polavaram in Godavari and Pulichinthala in Krishna by the year 2014-15, the development of waterway in Andhra Pradesh has been planned in two Stages as given below:-
- 23. Under stage I, 583 km of water way will be completed by the year 2013-14. Stage II works will be taken up after completion of construction of dams at Polavaram across Godavari river and at

Pulichintala across Krishna river. Under Stage-II, 462km of waterway will be completed by the year 2016-17.

24. In addition to the above mentioned cargo transportation by the environment friendly mode of water transport, the development of this waterway will provide social benefits e.g. employment generation, reduction in pollution, providing port- hinterland connectivity, reduction in road maintenance and road accidents, increase in economic activities etc.

# NATIONAL WATERWAYY-5 (EAST COAST CANAL ALONG WITH BRAHMANI RIVER AND MAHANADI DELTA).

25. The stretches of the water way which have been declared as National waterway (NW) are as follows.

(i) East Coast Canal (Geonkhali-Charbatia) 217km.

(ii) Matai River (Charbatia- Dhamra) 40 km.

(iii) River Brahmani (Talcher-Dhamra) 265 km.

(iv) Mahanadi delta river (Mangalgadi-Paradip) <u>101 km.</u>

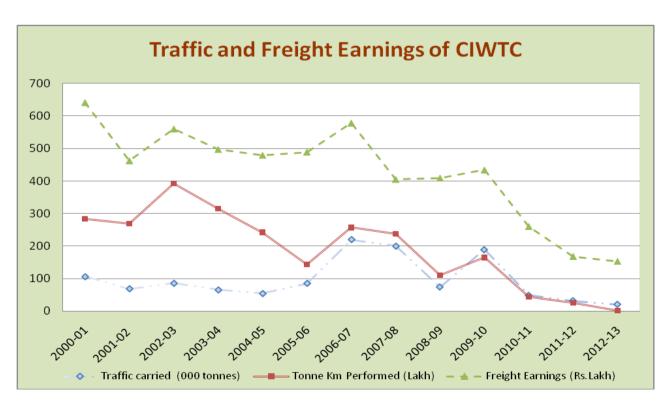
Total. 623 km.

- 26. The waterway is located in the States of West Bengal (91) km) and Orissa (523km). For Brahmani- Kharsua-Dhamra River, Matai river and Mahanadi delta portion (406 km), the waterway is proposed to be developed with 45 m wide and 2m deep navigational channel while for East Coast Canal portion (217 km), with 32 m wide and 1.5 deep navigational channels. Developmental works envisaged are as follows:
  - (i) Widening of narrow canal
  - (ii) Dredging, Excavation
  - (iii) Bank protection
  - (iv) Construction of barrages in Brahmani river at 5 placed
  - (v) Repair of locks
  - (vi) Modification of bridges & roads
  - (vii) Navigational aids
  - (viii) Setting up of IWT terminals (all terminals are in Orissa)

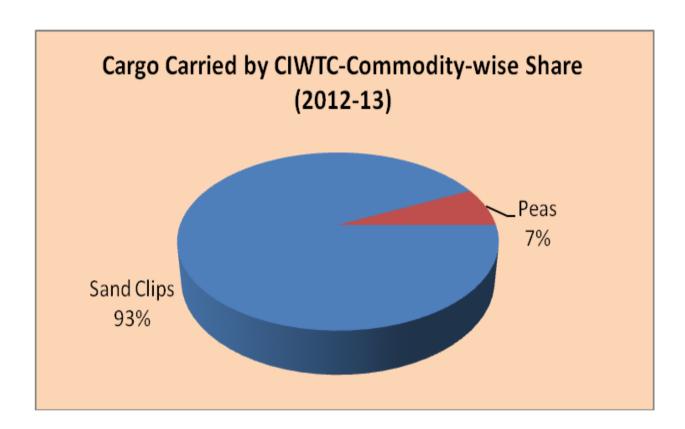
The estimated cost of development of National Waterway at 2002 price is Rs. 1526 crore.

#### CENTRAL INLAND WATER TRANSPORT CORPORATION (CIWTC LTD)

- 27. Central Inland Water Transport Corporation Ltd. (CIWTC) was established as a Government of India undertaking in the year 1967. (CIWTC took over the assets and liabilities of the River Steam Navigation Company Ltd. which was looking after Inland Water Transport services on river Barak). It is primarily responsible for transportation of cargo through inland waterways spread across Kolkata-Bangladesh-Assam and Allahabad-Haldia-Budge. It is operating on different routes on National Waterways-I and II including the protocol routes through Bangladesh and other parts of the country in Eastern and Northern India.
- 28. River services Division (RSD) is the division of CIWTC Ltd., which has its main terminal at Kolkata and branch offices at Haldia, Patna, Karimganj, Badarpur, Dhubro, Pandu and Guwahati. For running, repair and maintenance of its own crafts, the RSD has two workshops, one at Kolkata (West Bengal) and the other at Pandu (Assam).
- 29. The cargo carried by CIWTC decreased by 31.8% in the year 2012-13 to 21300 tonnes against 31243 tonnes in 2011-12. The total freight earnings have also gone down by 8.68% from Rs. 168.34 lakh in 2011-12 to Rs.153.72 lakh in 2012-13. The non-commodity earnings of CIWTC showed a positive growth of 8.46% as it reached to Rs. 135.42 lakh in 2012-13 from Rs. 124.86 lakh in 2011-12. Following graphs gives a picture of long term trend in traffic and earning of CITWC.



- 30. The maximum cargo carried during 2012-13 was on the Saugar/Haldia Diamond Harbour-Kolkata route with freight volume of 19650 tonnes, freight earnings of Rs. 6.96 lakh and performance of 1.53 lakh tonne kms. The cargo carried on this route registered an increase of 28.98% but the freight earned showed a decline of 59.65% in 2012-13 over the previous year.
- 31. Haldia-Internal route had second largest share of 7.75% in cargo carried (1650 tonnes) by CIWTC on different routes in 2012-13. Commodity wise share in cargo carried by CITWC in 2012-13 is given in chart below:



#### IWT ACTIVITIES - STATE GOVERNMENT

32. The number of vessels deployed and volume of cargo carried on Inland Waterways across the reporting States & UTs is given in Table 9.

Table 9: Number of Inland Water Vessels and Cargo Carried – State wise								
	Number of Vessels				Volume of Cargo Carried ( thousand			
State/UT						ton	nes)	
State/U1	2009-	2010-	2011-	2012-	2009-	2010-	2011-12	2012-13
	10	11	12	13	10	11	2011-12	2012-13
Andhra Pradesh	111	111	111					
Assam			209	22			37.72	71.79
Bihar	21	21	138	138			2.40	2.40
Goa	193	188	172	313	13897.38	14563.49	14469.90	3275.82
Karnataka	39	39	473	66	986.75	1033.80	3887.00	78.40
Kerala	9756	13495	5513	13821	5092.08	5285.56	5756.12	5555.21
Maharashtra	691	781	603	577	12510.00	14870.00	19950.00	24196.00
Orissa	260	281	279	342		•••		•••
West Bengal	2484	2561	2635	2623	17705.00	9987.00	9996.00	10347.00
TOTAL (reporting states)	13555	17477	10133	17902	50191.21	40739.85	54099.14	43526.62

<sup>...</sup> Not Available

#### PERFOMANCE OF COMPANIES ENGAGED IN IWT

- 33. The data received from 28 IWT companies shows that amongst the private companies the maximum number of cargo vessels were held by the Sesa Goa Ltd., Goa followed by Soham Shipping and Vivada Inland Waterways Ltd. Kolkata. The Maximum cargo of 2582.44 thousand tonnes was carried by Sesa Goa Ltd, Goa.
- 34. Cargo moved by top 10 private companies along with the number of cargo vessels employed in 2012-13 is given below in Table 10.

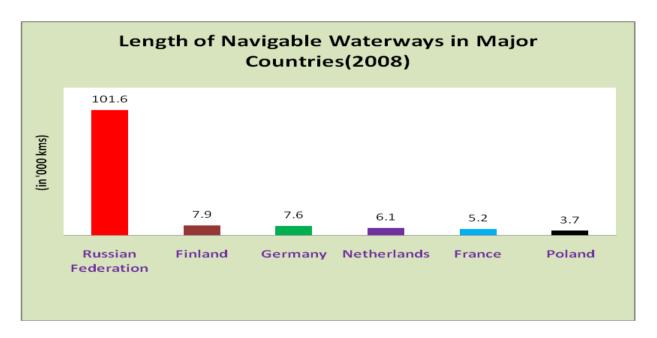
Table 10: Top ten Private Companies Cargo moved and Vessels Operated 2011-12							
Name of the Company	No. of Vessels	Cargo moved ('000 tonnes)					
1. Sesa Goa Ltd. Goa.	33	2582.44					
2. VIVADA Inland Waterways Ltd, Kolkata	14	480.74					
3. Sesa Resources Ltd Goa	3	278.22					
4. Costa River Transport Pvt. Ltd.,Goa	3	100.95					
5. Sociedade De Fomento Ind Ltd,Goa	2	71.86					
6. Eastern Navigation Private Ltd.	7	40.60					
7.Soham Shipping	18	39.85					
8.Jindal ITF Ltd.	2	27.00					
9.CIWCT, Kolkata	3	21.30					
10. Kothari Overseas Private Ltd.	1	11.44					

#### INLAND WATERWAYS TRANSPORT ACCIDENTS

35. The total number of accidents on inland waterways during the year 2012 were 599 out of which 126 were reported in Gujarat followed by both Uttar Pradesh and Madhya Pradesh with 107 accidents. The numbers of deaths during the year due to boat mishaps were highest in Gujarat at 150 followed by Madhya Pradesh at 112. A striking feature observed in all the States (Table No. 7.1) is that the number of persons died due to boat mishaps is more than the number of persons injured on waterways unlike in the road accidents.

#### INLAND WATERWAYS IN SELECT COUNTRIES

36. The maximum length of Navigable Inland Waterways belongs to Russian Federation with 101,612 Kms followed by Finland with 7,983 Kms, Germany with 7,565 Kms., Netherlands with 6,102 Kms., France with 5,200 Kms and Poland with 3,660 Kms. in the year 2008. However, the maximum quantity of Goods carried was in Germany at 246 million tones, followed by Russian Federation at 150 million tones and Belgium at 130 million tones.



**Source**: Annual Bulletin of Transport Statistics for Europe & North America, 2011(UN Publication).

# **SECTION - 1**

# NAVIGABLE WATERWAYS AND INFRASTRUCTURE

Table No. 1.1

#### Navigable Waterways in India

(In Kms.)

				(In Kms.)	
			2012-13		
SI. No.		State/Rivers/Canals/Lakes	Total Length of the Rivers/Canals/Lakes in the State	Navigable Length	
1		2	3	4	
	•				
1	ANDH	IRA PRADESH			
	(i)	Godavari	1530	171	
	(ii)	Krishna	1400	402	
	(iii)	Others **	330	157	
	` ,	Total	3260	730	
2.	ASSA	M			
	(i)	Brahmaputra	2800	891	
	(ii)	Borak	900	152	
	(iii)	Subansiri	468	111	
	(iv)	Dhansiri	135	25	
	(v)	Manash	375	104	
	(vi)	Aie		64	
	(vii)	Beki	85	55	
	(viii)	Jiabhoroli	90	60	
	(ix)	Puthimari		64	
			 25	25	
	(x)	Disang			
	(xi)	Kopili	50	50	
	(xii)	Dikhow	92	40	
	(xiii)	Katakhal/Dhaleswari	150	120	
	(xiv)	Sonai	•••	48	
	(xv)	Mahura		32	
	(xvi)	Buridihing	120	80	
	(xvii)	Chiri		42	
	(xviii)		•••	64	
		Total	5290	2027	
3.	BIHAI	2			
ა.		· <del>-</del>			
	(I)	Damodar			
	(ii)	Ganga	510	510	
	(iii)	Gandak	300	300	
	(iv)	Koshi	233	160	
	(v)	Ghaghra	100	100	
	(vi)	Sone	226	31	
	(vii)	Mahananda	140	•••	
	(viii)	Burhi Gandak	400		
	(ix)	Punpun	200		
	(x)	Phalgu Harihar	300		
	(xi)	Kiul	100		
	(xii)	Kari Koshi	150		
	(xiii)	Chandan	100		
	(xiv)	Karamnasha	144		
	(xv)	Others	860	290	
		Total	3763	1391	

## Table No. 1.1 (Contd...)

#### Navigable Waterways in India

(In Kms.)

				(In Kms.)
			2012-13	
SI. No.		State/Rivers/Canals/Lakes	Total Length of the Rivers/Canals/Lakes in the State	Navigable Length
1		2	3	4
4	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (v) (vi) (vii)	GOA Mandovi Zuari Mapusa Chapora Tiracol Sal Others Total	76 56 26 34 29 20 17 <b>258</b>	65 45 20 25 15 17 202
5 <b>GUJARAT</b>				
	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (v)	Narmada Tapti Ambica Auranga Purna Total	161 140 136 75 141 <b>653</b>	50 15 20 4 13 <b>102</b>
6	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (v) (vi) (vii) (viii) (ix) (x) (xi (xii) (xiii)	Sharavathi Tungabhadra Malaprabha Ghataprabha Krishna Cauvery Kabini Gurupur Gangolli Bheema Udyavara Netravathi Kali Total	80 375 230 160 325 270 117 80 48 860 37 96 184 2862	27 375 230 160 125 34 30 20 20 125 14 26 29 <b>1215</b>
7	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (v) (vi) (viii) (ix) (xi) (xii) (xiii) (xiv) (xv) (xvi) (xvii) (xviii)	Manjeswar Uppala Shiriya Mogral Chandragiri Chittari Nileswar Karingode Kavvayi Peruvamba Ramapuram Kuppam Valapattanam Anjara Kandy Telcicherry Mahe Kuthiadi Korapuzha	16 50 67 34 105 25 46 64 31 51 19 82 110 48 28 54 74 40	3.2  4.8  12.8  11.2 24 9.6 16 6.4 24 44.8 27.2 21.6 24 9.6 24.8

Table No. 1.1 (Contd...)

#### Navigable Waterways in India

				(In Kms.)
			2012-13	
SI.		State/Rivers/Canals/Lakes	Total Length of the	Navigable
No.		State/Rivers/Cariais/Lakes	Rivers/Canals/Lakes	
			in the State	Length
1		2	3	4
	(xix)	Kallai	22	9.6
	(xx)	Chaliyar	169	68.4
	(xxi)	Kadalundy	130	43.2
	(xxii)	Tirur	48	9.6
		Bharathappujha	209	40
		Keecheri	51	•••
	٠,	Puzhakkal	29	
		Karivannur	48	24
		Chalakkudy	130	16
		Periyar	244	72 25.6
		Muvattei puzha Meenachil	121 78	25.6 41.6
		Manimala	90	54.4
		Pamba	176	73.6
		Achan coil	128	73.0 <b>32</b>
		) Dallickal	42	2
		Kallada	121	40
		) Ithikkara	56	16
		Ayroor	17	1
		i Vamanapuram	88	11.2
		) Mamom	27	1
	(xL)	Karamana	68	
	(xLi)	Neyyar	56	
		Total	3092	845.2
8	MAHA	ARASHTRA		
	(i)	Dande River	2	1
	(ii)	Pangere River	2	1
	(iii)	Girye River	3	1
	(iv)	Kajali River	35	5
	(v)	Kalbadevi River	10	2
	(vi)	Are River	6	1_
	(vii)	Jog River	10	5
	(viii)	Kelshi River	10	3
	(ix)	Savitri River(Bankot to Mahad) Kal River	45 6	40 4
	(x) (xi)	Vaitarna River	24	9
	(xii)	Ulhas River	32.5	28
	(xiii)	Mahim River(Bay)	1.5	1
	(xiv)	Amba River	23	20
	(xv)	Patalganga River/Creek (Aware to	11	6.5
	(xví)	Kundalika River	16	16
	(xvii)	Mandad River(Rajpuri to Mandad)	14	10
	(xviii)	Mhasla River(Turmad to Mhasla)	9	5
	(xix)	Vashisti River(Dabhol to Govalkot)	45	38
	(xx)	Jagbudi River(Karambavne to Khed)	20	20
	(xxi)	Shastri River/Jaigad Creek(Jaigad to	45	40
	` ′	Kurudunda)	-	-
	(xxii)	Rajapur River(Musakazi to Rajapur)	30	30
	(xxiii)	Vagothan River/Vijaydurg Creek(Vijaydurg	38	22
		to Kharepatan)		
	(xxiv)		13	7
	(xxv)	Terekhol River/Creek(Terekhol to Banda) Karli River(Malva)	28 23	28 13
		Others	23 129	105
	(224)	Total	<b>631</b>	4 <b>62</b>
		1 V 141	031	702

#### Table No. 1.1 (Contd...)

#### Navigable Waterways in India

(In Kms.)

				(In Kms.)
			2012-13	
SI.		State /Divers /Constall also	Total Length of the	
No.		State/Rivers/Canals/Lakes	Rivers/Canals/Lakes	Navigable
			in the State	Length
1		2	3	4
			-	-
9	ORIS	SΔ		
Ü	(i)	Mahanadi	493	199
	(ii)	Brahmani	541	277
	(iii)	Baitarani	344	32
	(iv)	Subarnarekha		50
	(v)	Budha Balanga		35
	(vi)	Dhamara	•••	20
	(vii)	Salandi	•••	17
	(viii)	Panchputra	•••	21
	(ix)	Parnei		45
	(x)	Hatel		30
	(xí)	Bansagadal		32
	(xii)	Hansua		37
	(xiii)	Tirkota		18
	(xiv)	Jamboo	•••	6
	(xv)	Gobari	•••	16
	(xvi)	Ramchandi	•••	16
	(xvii)	Kharansi		14
	(xviii)	Batigharia	•••	14
	(xix)	Birupa	•••	110
	(xx)	Genguti		45
	(xxi)	Luna		37
	(xxii)		•••	20
		Pradhi	•••	15
		Kadha	•••	30
		Kusavadra	•••	25
		Daya	•••	9
		Rajua	•••	7
		) Makara	•••	11
	(XXIX)	Others **		367
		Total \$	1378	1555
10	TAMII	L NADU		
	(i)	Anantha Victoria Marthandavarna	27	12
	(ii)	North Buckingam Canal	58	
	(iii)	Central Buckingam Canal	7	
	(iv)	South Buckingam Canal	105	
		Total	197	12
11		R PRADESH***		
	(i)	Gomti	960	
	(ii)	Rapti	778	
	(iii)	Ghaghra	1116	
	(iv)	Ganga	2345	425 #
	(v)	Sai	760	
	(vi)	Tons	485	
		Total	6444	
12	WEST	Γ BENGAL		
12	(i)	Hooghly	580	580
	(ii)	Mahananda	206	58
	(iii)	Ajoy	174	174
	(iv)	Jalangi	232	232
	` '	3	-	

Table No.	1.1	(Contd)
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#### Navigable Waterways in India

(In Kms.)

				(In Kms.)
SI.		State/Rivers/Canals/Lakes	2012-13	
No.		State/Rivers/Canais/Lakes	Total Length of the Rivers/Canals/Lakes in the State	Navigable Length
1		2	in the State 3	4
	(v)	Dwarka	129	129
	(vi)	Bakreswar	102	102
	(vii)	Damodar	437	437
	(viii)	Dwarekeswar	103	103
	(ix)	Silabati	135	135
	(x)	Kumari	347	347
	(xi)	Ichamati	232	232
	(xii)	Others@	2064	2064
		Total	4741	4593
13	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)	Doyans Tizu/Zungki Dhansiri/Chathe Dikhu Tapi-Yangnyu Tsurang/Disai Others Total	185 287 170 120 95 60 20	105 90 75 52 18 15 20 <b>375</b>
14	MIZOI (i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (v) (v)	RAM  R. Tlawng (Dhaleswari)  R. Kolodyne (Chhimtuipui)  Khawthlang Tuipui  R. Tuichawrg  Tul River  Others  Total	185 138 128 174 138 24 <b>787</b>	81 80 63 73 51 24

<sup>\*\*</sup> Including Canals.

\*\*\* Relates to 2007-08

@ Includes 268 Kms. each of Total Length and Navigable Length pertaining to canals.

<sup>... :</sup> Not avaialable

<sup>#</sup> Navigable length Pertains to NW I for Allahabad-Buxar stretch in Uttar Pradesh is available.

<sup>\$</sup> Total length is less than navigable length as length of canals is not provided whereas

Source: IWT Dierctorate of states & IWAI.

#### Infrastructure Facilities Available on National Waterways (As on 31-3-2013)

	Av	ailability and Capacity of Termi	nals				
Navigational Channel	Depth (Meters) about 330 days in a year	Place	Size of Vessels that can be accomodated (DWT)	No. of Berths	Cargo Handling Equip. and their Capacity	Type and Extent of Storage Facility Available	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
National Waterway No.1 1. Haldia - Farakka (560 Km)	2.5	(a) Haldia	600	One(Floating)	One EOT crane of capacity 1 Ton.	One godown of size 12x30m and open storage (1630 sq.m.).	Being used for embarking and logistic support.
		(b) G.R. Jetty (BISN), Kolkata	600	One(Floating)	-	Open storage	Being used for embarking and logistic support.
		(c) Botanical garden, Kolkata	600	One(Floating)	-	-	Being used for embarking and logistic support.
		(d) Putimari (pakur)	600	One(fixed)	-	-	Owned by Farakka Barrage Project.
		(e) Farakka	600	One(fixed)	-	One covered godown	Both the berth and godown are owned by Farakka Barrage Project
		(f) Hazardwari (g)Shantipur	600 600	one (floating) One(Floating)	-	-	Being used for embarking/disembarking of tourists. Being used for embarking/disembarking of tourists.
		(h) Katwa	600	One(Floating)			one DGPS station is being set up at Swaroopganj
2. Farakka - Patna	2.0	(i) Rajmahal(Manglaghat)	600	One(Floating)	-	-	Being used for embarking/disembarking of tourists.
(460 km)		(j) Samudarghat(Sahibganj)	600	One(Floating)	-	-	Being used for loading of stone chips and embarking/disembarking.
		(k) Bhagalpur	600	One(floating)	-	Open storage	Being used for embarking and logistic support. one DGPS station is being set up at Bhargalpur
		(I) Semaria	600	One(floating)			Being used for embarking/disembarking of tourists.
		(m) Patna	600	One (floating) and one (fixed)	Pontoon with crane facility and shore crane	Open storage and one godown of 45 x 15 m	Low level permanent berth capable of handling containers and general cargo. Besides storage facility, bunkering facility, weigh bridge etc. and one container crane also available. Project for high level jetty also approved.
		(n) Bateshwarsthan	600	One (Floating)	-	-	Being used for embarking/disembarking of tourists.
		(o) Munger	600	One (Floating)	-	-	Being used for embarking/disembarking of tourists and logistic support.
3. Patna-Varanasi (363 km)	1.5	(p) Buxer	600	One (Floating)			Being used for embarking/disembarking of tourists and logistic support.
		(q) Ghazipur/Kaithy	600	One (floating)	-	-	Being used for embarking/disembarking of tourists and logistic support.
4. Varanasi-Allahabad	8.0	(r) Varanasi	600	One(floating)	-	-	Being used for embarking/disembarking and logistic support. Further IWT intermodal terminal and DGPS station are to be taken
(237 km)		(s) Allahabad	600	One (floating)	Pontoon with crane	Open storage	up.  Being used for embarking/disembarking of tourists and logistic support.

<sup>1)</sup> One fixed terminal at GR Jetty-2 (Kolkata) is under construction.

<sup>2)</sup> Floating terminals with pontoon/crane can be provided at any location along waterway on demand.

<sup>3)</sup> Night navigation aids have been provided between Tribeni and Varanasi

<sup>4)</sup> River notices are issued on fortnightly/monthly basis.

<sup>5)</sup> For providing Differential Global Positioning System (DGPS) connectivity on the entire waterway three DGPS stations are operational at Swaroopganj (WB), Bhagalpur (Bihar), Patna (Bihar), and the construction of one more DGPS station at Varanasi (UP) is planned.

#### Table No. 1.2 (Contd...)

#### Infrastructure Facilities Available on National Waterways (As on 31-3-2013)

	Av	ailability and Capacity of Termir	nals				
Navigational Channel	Depth (Meters) about 330 days in a year	Place	Size of Vessels that can be accomodated (DWT)	No. of Berths	Cargo Handling Equip. and their Capacity	Type and Extent of Storage Facility Available	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
National Waterways No. 2  1. Bangladesh Border- Pandu  (255 km)		(a) Dhubri	600	One(floating)	Crane prontoon	-	Project for construction of one permanent terminal sanctioned & were awarded to CPWD for construction. DGPS stations under construction.
(233 NII)		(b) Jogighopa	600	One(floating)	Crane prontoon	Open storage facility being developed	DGPS station is commissioned
		(c) Pandu	600	One(low level RCC jetty)	One Container handling crane	One container 2 transit sheds of 75x21 m crane of 75 T each capacity, two type mounted crane of 20T capacity,3 prontoon,2 crane prontoon	
2. Pandu-Neamati (376 km)	2.5	(d) Tezpur	600	One(floating)	Crane prontoon	-	
(370 Kill)		(e) Silghat	600	One(floating)	-	-	DGPS station is being setup.
3. Neamati-Dibrugarh (137 km)		(f) Neamati	600	One (floating)	Crane prontoon	-	
(10) Nily		(g) Bogibil (h) Kanangchhapari (i) Sengjan/Panbari	600 600 600	One (floating) One (floating) One (floating)	- - Crane prontoon	- - -	
4. Dibrugarh-Sadiya (Oriumghat) (123 km)		(j) Oakland/ Dibrugarh (k) Oriumghat	600 600	One(floating) One (floating)	- -		DGPS station is operational at Dibrugarh.

#### Note:

<sup>1)</sup> Floating pontoons can be provided at any location along waterway on demand.
2) Night navigation facilities are available between Bangladesh Border and Silghat and can be extended upto Oriumght/Sadiya on demand.
3) River notices are available on regular fortnightly/monthly basis.
4) for providing Differential Global Positioning System (DGPS) connectivity on the entire waterway, DGPS stations are planned at Dhubri, Jogighopa, Slighat and Dibrugarh.
Out of these locations, DGPS station at Jogighopa has been commissioned.

#### Table No. 1.2 (Contd...)

#### Infrastructure Facilities Available on National Waterways (As on 31-3-2013)

	Av	ailability and Capacity of Termin	nals					
Navigational Channel	Depth (Meters) about 330 days in a year	Place	Size of Vessels that can be accomodated (DWT)	No. of Berths	Cargo Handling Equip. and their Capacity		Type and Extent of Storage Facility Available	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6		7	8
National Waterways No. 3	<u> </u>							
1. Kochi-Kottapuram (34 km)	1.2	(a) Kottapuram	350.0	One fixed	One 18 T crane & 3 T Fork lift	3	400 Sqm storage (20m x 20m) and open storage (approx. 1500-2000 Sqm)	
2. Udyogmandal Canal (23 km)	2.0	(b) Aluva	350.0	One fixed	One 18 T crane & 3 T Fork lift	3	401 Sqm storage (20m x 20m) and open storage (approx. 1500-2000 Sqm)	
3. Champakara Canal (14 km)	2.0	(c) Ernakulam GC (Maradu)	350.0	One fixed	One 18 T crane & T Fork lift	3	402 Sqm storage (20m x 20m) and open storage (approx. 1500-2000 Sqm)	
		(d) Kakkanad (CSEZ)	350.0	One fixed	One 18 T crane & T Fork lift	3	403 Sqm storage (20m x 20m) and open storage (approx. 1500-2000 Sqm)	Only Land for terminal acquired
4. Kochi-Alapuzha (63 km)	2.0	(e) Vaikkom	350.0	One fixed	One 18 T crane & T Fork lift	3	404 Sqm storage (20m x 20m) and open storage (approx. 1500-2000 Sqm)	
		(f) Chertala	350.0	One fixed	One 18 T crane & T Fork lift	3	405 Sqm storage (20m x 20m) and open storage (approx. 1500-2000 Sqm)	
		(g) Alapuzha					406 Sqm storage (20m x 20m) and open storage (approx. 1500-2000 Sqm)	
5. Alapuzha-Kollam (71 km)	1.5	(h)Trikunnapuzha	350.0	One fixed	One 18 T crane & T Fork lift	3	407 Sqm storage (20m x 20m) and open storage (approx. 1500-2000 Sqm)	The terminal is under construction
		(I)Kayamkulam	350.0	One fixed	One 18 T crane & T Fork lift	3	300 Sqm storage (20m x 20m) and open storage (approx. 1500-2000 Sqm)	
		(j) Chavara						Only land for terminal acquired
		(k) Kollam	350.0	One fixed	One 18 T crane &	3		
		(I) willingdon island	12 TEU	one berth for container	T Fork lift 5 T Crane throug agency	gh :	5000 sqm open storgae	These terminals have been constructed for container movement to ICTT, Operation commenced w.e.f. 23.02.2011.
6. CPT Area	2.2	(m) Bolgatty island	12 TEU	vessels one berth for container vessels	40 T Crane throug agency	gh i	8000 sqm open storgae	

Notes: 1) Channel marks for 24 hrs navigation provided on the entire waterway.
2) River notices are issued on fortnightly basis.

#### Infrastructure Facilities Available on State Waterways (As on 31-3-2013)

						Availability	y and Capa	city of Terminals
SI. No.	Navigational Channel	Depth (Meters)	Place	Size of vessels that can be accomodated (DWT)/dimension	No. of berths	cargo handling equip. and their capacity	Type and extent of storage facility available	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	ANDHRA PRADESH	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
2	BIHAR	2 metres	(I) (a) Sahebganj-	134'x31'	2 Nos.	Nil	Nil	-
			Manihari	80'x15'x7"	1 Nos.	Nil	Nil	
				55x13'3"x4'8'	1 Nos.	Nil	Nil	-
			(II) Kahalgaon- Tintanga	60'x16'x6'	2 Nos.	Nil	Nil	
			(III) Sultanganj - Agwani	70'x18'x6'	2 Nos.	Nil	Nil	-
			(IV) (a) Munghyr- Raighat	56'x14'x6' 58'x16'x5'8 47'x13'x5'8	1 Nos. 1 Nos. 1 Nos.	Shore crane- 2 Pontoon crane-2 Container		-
			0.0.5	60'x16'x5'5'	1 Nos.	crane-1	Godown	AL BAIAL ( ) ( ) ( )
			(V) Buxar-Ujirghat	-	-	-	-	At IWAI terminal
3	GOA							
	Panaji Port (River Mandoi)	3.30 metres	Panaji	75 Mtrs Length	1	-	-	Ports jetty being used by vessels calling in the Ports
4	KARNATAKA	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	-
5	ORISSA Balugaon Sector							
	Balugaon-K.Prasad	Varies between 2 to 10 metres	Lake Chilka	30 ft and above	2	-	NA	Passenger waiting hall & Jetty are available at Balugaon & Krishna Prasadgarh.
	Balugaon-Kalijai	2 to 10 Metres	Lake Chilka	40 ft and above	2	-	-do-	Block wall at kalijai is available for berthing & landing. Waiting hall is available at kalijai.
	Balugaon-Nuapada	2 to 4 Metres	Lake Chilka	30 ft	2	-	-do-	No Jetty and waiting hall is available at Nuapada.
	Balugaon-Satapada	2 to 4 Metres	Lake Chilka	30 ft	2	-	-do-	Passenger waiting hall & Jetty are available at Satapada.

#### Table No. 1.3 (Contd...)

#### Infrastructure Facilities Available on State Waterways (As on 31.3.2013)

						Availabilit	y and Capac	ity of Terminals
SI. No.	Navigational Channel	Depth (Meters)	Place	Size of vessels that can be accomodated (DWT)/dimension	No. of berths	cargo handling equip. and their capacity	Type and extent of storage facility available	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Astarang Sector Nuagarh-Sribantpur	2 to 10 Metres	River Devi	26 ft	3	-	-do-	Jetty & Wating hall is available for the services of passenger.
	Chandabali Sector Chandbali-Rajnagar	Varies between 7 to 10 metres	River Baitarani/ Brahmani	52 ft	13	-	-do-	Jetty & waiting hall are available at Chandbali, Nalitapatia, Chardia & Raj Nagar.
	Chandbali-Talucha	Varies between 7 to 20 metres	Baitarani/Kharastrota/ Brahmani	50 ft	10	-	-do-	
		Varies between 7 to 18 meters	Brahmani	35'	3		-do-	Both Jetty and waiting hall is available at Aradi.
	TAMILNADU Periyar Lake in Kerala ( Under lease in T.N. )	41.46	Thekkady	Vessel 1 (kannagi) Length-8.5m Breadth-3m Depth-1.4m Vessel 2(Jairatna) Length-11.5m Breadth-2.4m Depth-1.6m	-			-
	Anantha Victoria Marthandavarma Canal (AVM)	4 m (Average)	Kanyakumari District of Tamil Nadu	3.5 m	-	-	-	-
	NAGALAND** 1. Tiru River		Lpmgmatra - Pursutsu Phokungri	-	-	-	-	Under survey.
	MIZORAM  1. R. Tlawng  2. R. Tlawng		(a) Sairang (b) Bairabi	5 Tonnes Power Vessel 5 Tonnes Power Vessel	1 1	-	RCC Building RCC Building	300 tonnes capacity 300 tonnes capacity

<sup>\*\*</sup> pertains to 2007-08 Source : State Govts.

## SECTION - 2

# CARGO MOVED ON VARIOUS WATERWAYS

#### Cargo Movement on National Waterways, Goa & Maharashtra Waterways

SI.No.	Details of Waterway	Distance (Kms)	_	oved (lakh nes)	TonneKm	ms (in lakh)		
		(Kills)	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
1	National Waterway No. I	1620	33.10	27.16	14546	15119		
	(Allahabad-Haldia stretch of							
	Ganga – Bhagirathi – Hooghly							
	river system)							
2	National Waterway No. II	891	24.06	24.27	613	580		
	(Sadiya-Dhubri stretch of							
	Brahmaputra River system)							
3	National Waterway No. III	205	13.44	12.36	132	139		
	(Kollam-Kottapuram stretch							
	of West Coast Canal along							
	with Champakara Canal							
	and Udyogmandal Canal)							
	Sub Total NWs	2716	70.60	63.79	15291	15838		
4	Goa Waterways	202	434.69	106.77	19009	10240		
5	Maharashtra Waterways	453	199.50	241.96	3798	4551		
	Grand Total	3371	704.79	412.52	38098	30629		

Source: Inland Waterways Authority of India for National Waterways
Data for Goa Waterways include the data received from Ports department, Govt of
Goa and the data received from the Mormugao Port Trust (MPT)
Maharashtra Maritime Board for Maharashtra Waterways

#### Details of Cargo Moved on National Waterways (National Waterway No.I) - THE GANGA

SI. No.	River/Stretch	Approximate Distance (Kms)	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	Cargo generally moved
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
A.	CIWTC(^)			-	-	-
1	Haldia-Budge-Budge	74	8650	4400		POL, Waste Oil Pulses,Logs,Salt,Iron Ore,Steel, F Ash,Aluminium block, Fertilizer,
2	(I)Saugar-Diamond Harbour/Haldia /Kolkatta/					Container, ODC, Sand Clips
	Kolkatta Internal	144/80	21000	15235	19650	
3	Kolkata-Karimganj-Badarpur	1218	2050			Fly ash, Food Grains
4	Haldia-Gorma Island	30	17182	1650	•••	Boulder
5	Patna-Kolkata	530		1500	•••	Stone-Chips
6	Haldir-Internal	2		8250	1650	Sand, Clips
7	Haldir-Jamuria	1096		208	•••	ODC
	Sub Total (A)		48882	31243	21300	<del>-</del> -
В.	VIVADA IWL					
1	Haldia-Kolkata	100	34104			HSD/FO/LDO
2	Haldia-Budge-Budge	78	100972	109630	95072	FO, LDO, HSD
3	Haldia-NSD	106	105916	66245	52969	LO,HSD, Lube Oil, FO
4	Haldia-Surinam	48		2088		FO
5	Budge-Budge-NSD	21	6727	4513	2656	MSD, HF
6	Budge-Budge-Surinam	48	2443	249		FO, HSD
7	Budge-Budge-KPD	21	767	245	916	FO, HSD
8	Haldia-Namkhana	46	2515	4343	3923	HF, HSD
9	Budge-Budge-Pujali	5	843			LDO
10	Haldia-Birth	4	19747			HSD
11	Haldia-Haldia Oil Jetty	4	49159	70600	66057	FO
12	Surninam-KPD	4	80	70	1031	FO
13	Surninam-NSD	1	288	79		HSD, HF
14	Haldia-HOB	3		23622	24717	
15	KPD-KPD	1		270		
	Sub Total (B)		323561	281954	247341	<u> </u>

<sup>^ :</sup> Data for the year 2010-11, 2011-12 & 2012-13 is taken from monthly returns.

#### Details of Cargo Moved on National Waterways (National Waterway No.I) - THE GANGA

						(In tonnes)
SI. No.	River/Stretch	Approximate Distance (Kms)	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	Cargo generally moved
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
C.	OTHER PRIVATE OPERATORS					
1	TIRUPATI VESSEL( P)LTD.					
1	Kolkatta-Mongla (Bangla desh)		5582			Flyash
2	Kolkatta-Khulna (Bangla desh)	507	54478	90062		Flyash
3	Kolkatta-Narayanganj (B'Desh)	894	325106	233722		Flyash
4	Budge- Budge(Kol) Khulna	497			99534	Flyash
5	Budge- Budge Narayanganj	884			285858	Flyash
6	Kolkatta-Ashuganj	998		722		ODC Kargo
2	RELIANCE EXPORT CORPORATION					
1	Kolkata-Narayanganj(B'Desh)	894	21939	16244		Flyash
2	Haldia-Narayanganj(B'Desh)	836	8244	1106		Flyash
3	Kolkatta-Khulna (Bangla desh)	-	616			Flyash
4	T.T.Shed-Narayanganj	910		710	7153	Flyash
3	Maitrayee Shipping & Logistics					
1	Kolkatta-Khulna (B'Desh)	507	9062	14006		Flyash
2	Kolkatta-Narayangani (B'Desh)	894	83260	63886		Flyash
3	Haldia-Karimganj	1253	590			Spnoge Iron
4	IWAI BISN Jetty-Narayangani	909		8588	4955	Flyash
5	Kolkatta (SR Jetty)-Naryanganj	910		760		Flyash
6	IWAI BISN Jetty-Khulna	522		3637	699	Flyash
7	T.T.Shed-Narayangani	910			25233	Flyash
8	T.T.Shed-Mongla	510			2180	Flyash
9	Budge Budge Naryanganj	884			44984	Flyash
10	Budge Budge Khulna	497			2525	Flyash
4	P K Shipping					
1	Kolkata-Khulna (B. Desh)	507	808	770		Flyash
2	Kolkata-Narayanganj(B. Desh)	894	145597	149444		Flyash, Slg, MS wired rod
3	Budge- Budge Narayangani	884			101227	Flyash
4	Narayanganj- T.T.Shed	910			500	Cement
5	K.P.Dock-Narayanganj	910			787	Coil
6	Haldia H.D.CKarimganj	1274			2225	Coal
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#### Details of Cargo Moved on National Waterways (National Waterway No.I) - THE GANGA

SI. No.	River/Stretch	Approximate Distance (Kms)	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	Cargo generally moved
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
7	Kolkatta-Karimganj	1358			1554	ODC Kargo
8	T.T.Shed-Ashuganj	1048		867		Steel Shed
9	NSD Kolkatta-Narayanganj	895		1223		Flyash
10	Kolkatta-Mongla (Bangla desh)	494		996		Flyash
11	NSD Kolkatta-Ashuganj	1046		5591		ODC Kargo
5	SOHOM COMMERCIAL					
1	Kolkata- Khulna(B' Desh)	424				Flyash
2	Kolkata-Narayanganj (B' Desh)	894	26853	1155		Flyash
3	Kolkatta(Sri Ram Jetty)-Narayanganj	905		10923	761	Flyash
4	T.T.Shed-Narayanganj	910		3624	50139	Flyash
6	RENAISSANCE IMPEX Pvt Ltd					
1	Kolkata-Narayanganj ( B'Desh)	894	44392	15841		Slag, Flyash, MS wire Rod
2	Haldia-Narayanganj	780	5983			Flyash, Slag
3	IWAI BISN Jetty-Narayanganj	909		28875	16137	Flyash
4	IWAI BISN Jetty-Mongla	519		864		Flyash
5	IWAI BISN Jetty-Karimganj Assam	1357		405	1950	Flyash, HDPE Bags, Coal
6	Sri Ram Jetty-Narayanganj	905		31230	21657	Flyash
7	Sri Ram Jetty-Khulna	528		1778		Flyash
8	Karimganj Assam-IWAI BISN Jetty	1357		172	900	Coal
9	Kolkatta(T.T.Shed)-Narayanganj	896		25651		Flyash
10	IWAI Haldia Jetty- Narayanganj	826			4767	Flyash
11	Shri Ram Jetty- Mongla	505			998	Flyash
12	TT Shed-Narayanganj	910			22759	Flyash
13	Budge Budge Naryanganj	884			18549	Flyash
14	Budge Budge Karimganj	1332			558	Flyash
15	Kolkatta-Khulna	507		1320		Flyash

#### Details of Cargo Moved on National Waterways (National Waterway No.I) - THE GANGA

SI. No.	River/Stretch	Approximate Distance (Kms)	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	Cargo generally moved
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
7	Rivering Shipping & Logistics					
1	Kolkata-Narayanganj	894		20693		Flyash
2	Kolkatta (BISN Jetty)-Narayanganj	895		1270		Flyash
3	Kolkatta(BB)-Khulna	507		3837		Flyash
4	IWAI Haldia Jetty-Khulna	439		2513	1450	Flyash
5	Budge- Budge (Kol)- Khulna	497			6039	Flyash
6	Budge Budge Naryanganj	884			17223	Flyash
7	TT Shed-Narayanganj	910			7274	Flyash, Coal dust
8	K P Dock- Khulna	523			1997	Wheat
9	Sri Ram Jetty-Khulna	518			2574	Flyash
10	Sri Ram Jetty-Narayanganj	905			8091	Flyash
11	IWAI Haldia Jetty-Narayanganj	836	•••	2699	•••	Flyash
8	GLOBAL SHIPPING & Forwarding					
1	Kolkata-Khulna	507	7401	3216		Flyash
2	Kolkata-Narayanganj(B' Desh)	894	9247	2757		Flyash
3	Haldia-Mongla(B' Desh)	413	680			Flyash
4	Kolkata-Mongla(B' Desh)	494	11937	1546		Flyash
5	Budge Budge-Narayangani	884			3266	Flyash
6	Budge Budge-Khulna	497			4646	Flyash
7	IWAI BISN Jetty-Khulna	522		9880	2938	Flyash
8	IWAI BISN Jetty-Narayanganj	909		1848	810	Flyash
9	COASTAL CONNEXIONS					
1	Kolkata-Narayanganj(B' Desh)	894	46321	25812		Flyash
2	Haldia-Narayanganj	780	7918			Flyash
3	Haldia-Khulna	446	3810			Flyash
4	Kolkata-Khulna	507	17861	5325		Flyash
5	Budge Budge-Narayanganj	884			10643	Flyash
6	Budge Budge-Karimganj	1332			1331	Flyash
7	Budge Budge-Khulna	497			2277	Flyash
8	IWAI BISN Jetty-Narayanganj	909		8738	3693	Flyash
9	BISN Jetty-Narayanganj	1357			1030	Flyash
10	IWAI BISN Jetty-Karimganj	1357			2170	Flyash

#### Details of Cargo Moved on National Waterways (National Waterway No.I) - THE GANGA

SI. No.	River/Stretch	Approximate Distance (Kms)	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	Cargo generally moved
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
11	BISN Jetty-Karimganj	1357			415	Coal
12	IWAI BISN Jetty-Khulna	532		4299		Flyash
13	IWAI Haldia Jetty-Khulna	439		5023	2268	Flyash
14	IWAI Haldia Jetty-Narayanganj	826		7928	4725	Flyash
10	KANISHKA SHIPPING LINES					
1	Kolkata-Narayanganj(B' Desh)	758	18818			Flyash
2	Budge Budge-Narayanganj	884			69689	
3	IWAI Haldia Jetty-Narayanganj	826		36923	116523	Flyash
4	Sri Ram Jetty-Khulna	518			1078	Flyash
5	T.T.Shed-Narayanganj	910			2406	Flyash, Tyre
6	Sri Ram Jetty-Narayanganj	905		11380	750	Flyash
7	IWAI BISN Jetty-Khulna	522			520	Flyash
8	IWAI BISN Jetty-Narayanganj	895		4099		Flyash
9	T.T.Shed-Narayanganj	896		200		Tyres
11	Eastern Navigation Pvt Ltd., Kolkatta					
1	Kolkatta-Zamania	1065	311	1415	380	ODC Cargo
2	Kolkatta-Silghatghat	1748			165	ODC Cargo
3	Kolkata- Ballia	923	5660	2306		ODC (NW1)
4	Kolkatta-Fatua	854	1551			Flyash, Boiler Drum, Stator(ODC)
5	Haldia-Ashuganj	933		300		ODC (NW1)
6	Kolkatta-Bhaktiyarpur	928		1776		ODC Cargo
7	Haldia-Silghatghat	1664			96	ODC Cargo
8	Haldia-Balia	1028		1258		ODC (NW1)
9	Haldia-Zamania	1170		1177		ODC (NW1)
10	Haldia-Karimganj, Assam	1284		842		ODC (NW1)
12	A.K.Navigation					
1	Kolkata- Narayangani	894	4553	3190		Flyash
2	T.T.Shed-Narayanganj	910			1625	Flyash
3	T.T.Shed-Khulna	523			3080	Wheat
4	Kolkatta-Khulana	507		4081		Flyash
5	Haldia-Narayanganj	836	3228	701		Flyash

#### Details of Cargo Moved on National Waterways (National Waterway No.I) - THE GANGA

SI. No.	River/Stretch	Approximate Distance (Kms)	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	Cargo generally moved
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
13	Desha International	<del>-</del>		•	•	-
1	Haldia- Narayanganj		194619			Flyash
2	Budge Budge-Narayanganj	884			163487	Flyash
3	Kolkata-Narayanganj	894	229550	151056		Flyash, Coal Durt, Slag, Coal
4	IWAI Haldia Jetty-Khulna	439		11981	17075	Flyash
5	IWAI Haldia Jetty-Mongla	426			2908	Flyash
6	Haldia-Khulna		13867			Flyash
7	Budge Budge-Khulna	497			2626	Flyash
8	IWAI BISN Jetty-Narayanganj	909		7071	5445	Flyash
9	IWAI BISN Jetty-Karimganj	1357		1655	1285	Flyash
10	BISN Jetty-Karimganj(Badarpur)	1357			550	Coal
11	Kolkatta-Khulana	507	18484	13212		Flyash
12	Sri Ram Jetty-Mongla	505			1306	Flyash
13	Sri Ram Jetty-Khulna	518		1025	7719	Flyash
14	Sri Ram Jetty-Narayanganj	905		10646	34963	Flyash
15	T.T.Shed-Mongla	510			2836	Wheat
16	T.T.Shed-Khulna	523			2400	Wheat
17	T.T.Shed-Narayanganj	910		5854	24444	Flyash,Wheat,Coal
18	K.P.Dock-Mongla	510			22614	Wheat
19	K.P.Dock-Khulna	523			30083	Wheat
20	IWAI Haldia Jetty-Narayanganj	826		123831	183804	Flyash
21	IWAI BISN Jetty-Khulna	532		600		Flyash
22	Karimganj Assam-IWAI BISN Jetty	1367		135		Coal
23	Karimganj Assam-T.T.Shed	1368		598		Coal
14	Reliance Enterprise					
1	Kolkata-Narayanganj	894	34372	20883		Flyash
2	Haldia-Narayanganj	836	4425	895		Flyash
3	Budge Budge-Narayanganj	884			2277	Flyash
4	Budge Budge-Khulna	497			698	Flyash
5	Sri Ram Jetty-Khulna	518			612	Flyash
6	Kolkatta-Khulna	507	16678	4808		Flyash
7	IWAI BISN Jetty-Narayanganj	909		2342	2994	Flyash
8	T.T.Shed-Narayanganj	910	•••	1115	8983	flyash
15	Saha Oversees Corporation					
1	Kolkata-Narayanganj	894	84662	36617		Flyash
2	Budge Budge-Narayanganj	884			5138	Flyash
3	Sri Ram Jetty-Khulna	518			1855	Flyash
4	T.T.Shed-Narayanganj	910		13617	8721	Flyash
5	Kolkatta (Sri Ram Jetty)-Narayanganj	910		33764		Flyash
6	IWAI BISN Jetty-Narayanganj	895 507		3903		Flyash iiyasii

#### Details of Cargo Moved on National Waterways (National Waterway No.I) - THE GANGA

						(in tonnes)
SI. No.	River/Stretch	Approximate Distance (Kms)	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	Cargo generally moved
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
16	C. Day & Brothers			*	•	
1	Kolkata-Narayanganj	894	8520	32683		Flyash
2	Budge Budge-Narayanganj	884			23597	Flyash
3	Budge Budge-Khulna	497			586	Flyash
4	Kolkatta-Khulna	507	1582	486		Flyash
5	Kolkatta(BISN Jetty)-Narayanganj	895		840		Flyash
6	Sri Ram Jetty-Khulna	518			758	Flyash
7	Sri Ram Jetty-Narayanganj	905		4444	1362	Flyash
8	IWAI Haldia Jetty-Khulna	439			950	Flyash
9	IWAI BISN Jetty-Narayanganj	909			930	Flyash
10	IWAI Haldia Jetty-Narayanganj	826		34016	4723	Flyash
11	Haldia-Khulna	449		5412		Flyash
12	T.T.Shed-Narayanganj	910		2738	13652	flyash, Ironfines
17	Fortune Cargo (India Pvt Ltd)					
1	Kolkata-Narayanganj	894	9553	33085		Flyash
2	Budge Budge-Narayanganj	894			16185	Flyash
3	IWAI Haldia Jetty-Narayanganj	826			692	Flyash
4	T.T.Shed-Narayanganj	910			5129	Flyash
5	Haldia-Narayanganj	805	2020			Flyash
6	IWAI BISN Jetty-Khulna	522			755	
7	IWAI BISN Jetty-Narayanganj	909		4117	1112	Flyash
8	Kolkatta-Khulna	507		1402		Flyash
9	IWAI Haldia Jetty-Khulna	449		1883		Flyash
18	Sea Water Transport Co. Pvt Ltd					
1	Haldia-Narayanganj	805	1200			Flyash
2	T.T.Shed-Khulna	523			2239	Wheat
3	Haldia-Mongla	405	1332			Flyash
4	Haldia-Khulna	418	2295			Flyash
5	Kolkatta BISN Jetty-Kulna	532	3813	1136		Flyash
6	IWAI Haldia Jetty-Khulna	449		4470		Flyash
19	ABC India Ltd					
1	Kolkata-Tejpur	1701	679			ODC (BO Route)
2	Kolkata-Ashuganj (B'desh)	998	1888	•••		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

#### Details of Cargo Moved on National Waterways (National Waterway No.I) - THE GANGA

		Approximate			1	(In tonnes)
SI. No.	River/Stretch	Distance (Kms)	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	Cargo generally moved
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
20	Krishna Shipping & Logistics			· <del>··</del>	<del>-</del>	
1	Budge Budge-Narayanganj	884			5288	Flyash
2	Budge Budge-Karimganj	1332			590	Flyash
3	Kolkata-Narayanganj	894	•••	17863	•••	Flyash
4	T.T. Shed-Narayanganj	910	•••	•••	5667	Flyash
5	Kolkatta-Pandu	1432	•••	•••	485	ODC Cargo
6	T.T. Shed-Ashuganj	1048		622		Iron ingots
7	IWAI BISN Jetty-Narayanganj	895		1110		Flyash
8	Haldia-Narayanganj	836		13702	•••	Fly Ash
21	Neli					
1	Budge Budge-Narayanganj	884			4128	Flyash
2	Budge Budge-Khulna	497			1640	Flyash
3	IWAI Haldia Jetty-Narayanganj	826			768	Flyash
4	Sri Ram Jetty-Mongla	505			648	Flyash
5	Sri Ram Jetty-Khulna	518			602	Flyash
6	Budge Budge-Karimganj	1332			494	Flyash
7	Kolkatta-Narayanganj	894		15428		Flyash
8	IWAI BISN Jetty-Karimgani	1357			580	Flyash
9	IWAI BISN Jetty-Narayanganj	909		1909	2468	Flyash
22	Ajbela Navigation					
1	Kolkatta-Narayanganj	894		12307		Flyash
2	Sri Ram Jetty-Khulna	518			1850	Flyash
3	Sri Ram Jetty-Narayanganj	905			8841	Flyash
4	Kolkatta-Khulna	507		3472		Flyash
5	K.P.Dock-Khulna	523			6714	Wheat
6	T.T.Shed-Narayanganj	910			4226	Flyash
7	T.T.Shed-Khulna	523			1497	Wheat
8	Kolkatta (S R Jetty)-Narayanganj	897		1186		Flyash
9	Kolkatta BISN Jetty-Narayangani	895		701		Flyash
10	Budge Budge-Narayangani	884			19712	Flyash
11	Budge Budge-Khulna	497			591	Flyash
12	IWAI Haldia Jetty-Mongla	426			1250	Flyash
13	IWAI Haldia Jetty-Khulna	439		842	2726	Flyash
14	IWAI Haldia Jetty-Narayanganj	836		7948		Flyash
23	Marshal Corporation Ltd.					
1	BISN Jetty-Karimgani	1367		569		Flyash
2	Karimganj Assam-IWAI Bisn Jetty	1367		300	***	Coal

#### Details of Cargo Moved on National Waterways (National Waterway No.I) - THE GANGA

SI. No.		Approximate				
	River/Stretch	Distance (Kms)	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	Cargo generally moved
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
24	Spring Professional Services Pvt. Ltd			-		<del>-</del>
1	T.T.Shed, Kolkatta-Ashuganj	1048		306		Galvanised Steel Plain Sheet
25	Reach Asia					
1	Kolkatta-Jogighopa, Assam	1392			372	ODC Cargo
2	Haldia-Balia	1028		629		ODC Cargo
26	Netincon Marketing Pvt. Ltd.					
1	K.P.Dock-Khulna	510			2600	Wheat
27	Duttsom					
1	T.T.Shed-Narayanganj	910			3847	Flyash
2	IWAI BISN Jetty-Narayanganj	909			738	Flyash
3	Budge Budge-Narayanganj	884			2181	Flyash
28	J.D.Shipping					
1	Budge Budge-Narayanganj	884			2854	Flyash
29	Ganga Water Transport					
1	K.P.Dock-Mongla	510			2700	Wheat
2	K.P.Dock-Narayanganj	910			510	Non Alloyed Hot Rolled Steel Coil
30	Bertling Logistic India Pvt.Ltd.					
1	Haldia-Balia	1028			337	ODC Cargo
31	Venketesh Logistics					
1	Haldia-Bhaktiyarpur	885			310	ODC Cargo
32	All Cargo Logistics Ltd.					
1	Haldia-Zamania	1170			1150	ODC Cargo
33	Prism Logistics Pvt.Ltd.					
1	Haldia-Allahabad	1512			762	ODC Cargo
34	КОРТ					
1	Kolkatta-Sandheads	232		4975		Iron Ore
2	Kolkatta-Sagar	146		627174	115000	Iron Ore, Other/Misc.
3	Kolkatta-Diamond Harbour	78		408749		•
4	DH-KPD	78		69873		

#### Details of Cargo Moved on National Waterways (National Waterway No.I) - THE GANGA

l. No.	River/Stretch	Approximate Distance (Kms)	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	Cargo generally moved
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
5	Sagar-Kolkatta	146			496000	Iron Ore,Pulses,Sugar,Timber,Coking Coal,Rock Phosphate,Rice & Wheat,Fertiliser,Manganese Ore,Pet Cock
6	Kolkatta-Diamond Harbour	78			2000	
7	Haldia-Sagar	39	•••	330064		
8	Diamond Harbour-Kolkatta	78			12200	Iron Ore, Sugar, Pet Cock, Pulses, O Cokjing
9	Haldia-BB	78	•••	10175	•••	
10	Budge Budge-Internal	5	•••	72	•••	
11	Kolkatta-Budge Budge	21		51		
12	KPD-Budge Budge	21	•••	45		
	Sub Total ( C )	-	1501345	2994556	2431380	<del>-</del> -
D	IWAI Vessels					
1	Rajmahal-Kolkata		300			achina Clay, SilicaSand
2	Rajmahal -Patna				300	Cement
3	Haldia-Karimganj		660			Bitumin, Edible-Oi
4	Kolkatta-Pandu		300			TT Shed
5	Pandu-Kolkatta		313			Jute Bales
6	Samdhaghatj-Manihari				15216	Stone chips
7	Haldia_Pandu		300			Edibleoil
8	Samdaghat-Patna		2087	300	900	Stonechips
9	Samdaghat-Doriganj		•••	1120	•••	Stonechips
10	Chunar-Balia			574		Cement
11	Samdaghat-Munger			300		Stonechips
	Sub Total (D)	-	3960	2294	16416	<del>-</del> -
	Total (NW-I) (A+B+C+D)		1877748	3310047	2716437	<del>_</del>

#### Details of Cargo Moved on National Waterways (National Waterway No.II)- BRAHMAPUTRA

SI. No.	River/Stretch	Approximate Distance (Kms)	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	Cargo generally moved
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Α	Others Pvt. Operators					
1	Kolkatta-Tejpur	1693	679			ODC
	Sub Total		679			_ _
В	Organised Cargo				396	
С	IWTD Assam*		1981723	1982360	1965239	Goods
D	Unorganised Sector		180429	424088	461170	Goods, Passengers,Bicycle, M.Cycle,Animal
E	IWAI Vessel					
1	Haldia-Guwahati	1470	300			Edible Oils
2	Kolkatta-Guwahati	1535	300			Foodgrains
3	Jagighopa-Badapur	1120				Bamboo
4	Pandu-Kolkata	1535	314			Jute Bales
5	Kolkata-Pandu	1535				Edibleoil
	Sub Total (B+C+D+E)		2163066	2406448	2426805	_ _
	Total (NW-II)(A+B+C+D+E)		2163745	2406448	2426805	<u> </u>

<sup>\*:</sup> Data of IWT Assam is extrapolated.

Table No. 2.2 (Contd...)

# Details of Cargo Moved on National Waterways (National Waterway No.III) - WEST COAST CANAL, CHAMPAKARA CANAL & UDYOG MANDAL CANAL

	T			1		(in tonnes)
SI. No.	River/Stretch	Approximate Distance (Kms)	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	Cargo generally moved
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
A.	CHAMPAKARA CANAL					
1	KSINC					Raw Sulphur, Rock Phosphate &
	Cochin Port-FACT-CD	21.5	65436	107122	3444	Phosphoric Acid etc Sulpher,Rock
	Q10 Berth-CPT-Fact, CD	21			157186	Phosphate, Phosphoric Acid
	BPCL Irumbanam-Ship Bunkring	16		1011		Furnace Oil
	, ,					
2	LOTS Shipping & Trading					
						Raw Sulphur, Rock Phosphate & Phosphoric Acid & Stone
	Cochin Port-FACT-CD	21.5	163431	41144		aggregates Phopharic Acid,Sulphur,Rock
	Q10 Berth-CPT-Fact, CD	21		122077	184393	Phosphate
	ICTT-Cochin Shipyard	5		6	_	Container no. 1
	BPCL Irumbanam-Fact, PD (dist.in Ch. Canal)	16.5		4478	23835	Furnace Oil
	DP World-Cochin Shipyard	5		1		20 ft Container-1 no.
	Vallarpadam-Cochin Shipyard	5		2		Container no. 1
	Q5 berth-Cochin Shipyard	3		1		20 ft Container-1 no.
3	Kerala Backwater Navigation					
	Cochin Port FACT CD	21.5	109536	20041		Rock Phosphate, Sulphur
	Sub Total		338403	295883	368858	<del>_</del>
В.	UDYOGMANDAL CANAL					
1	LOTS Shipping & Trading*					
						Zibframe, Sulphur, Furnance oil,
	Cochin Port FACT-UD	20	214430	35243		Zinc
	BPCL/IOC FACT PD	14		9843	•••	Stone aggregate, Furnance oil
	Alwa MULAVUKADUD	10				Aggregate
	BPCL FACT UD	20	306	8575	•••	Phosphoric Acid, Furnace Oil
	Alwa-Pizhala, UD	10	35023			Aggregate
	BPCL Irumbanam- FACT PD	11			23835	Furnace Oil
	BPCL Irumbanam- FACT UD	17	2128			Furnace Oil
	Bolgaty-W.Island	3.7	31694			Various Commodity
	Q10 CPT-Fact, UD	20		56554	46543	Phospharic Acid, Sulphur
	Q6 Berth CPT-Binani Zinc Ltd.	22			72163	Zinc.
	Q5 Berth CPT-Binani Zinc Ltd.	22		9707		Zinc.
	Q! Berth CPT-Binani Zinc Ltd.	25		3827		Zinc.

Table No. 2.2 (Contd...)

# Details of Cargo Moved on National Waterways (National Waterway No.III) - WEST COAST CANAL, CHAMPAKARA CANAL & UDYOG MANDAL CANAL

SI.	No.	River/Stretch	Approximate Distance (Kms)	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	Cargo generally moved
1		2	3	4	5	6	7
		BPCL Fine Art Jetty-DP World	4		598		Furnace Oil
		Irumbanam-Fact PD(Dist. In UDL. Canal)	11		9818		Furnace Oil
		IOC-Fact, PD	20/17		1344	36732	Furnace Oil
		South Coal Berth-Q10 Berth CPT	6		634		Furnace Oil
		South Coal Berth-Quter Roads	3/2		8343	110	Furnace Oil
		SCB-ICTT	4		1780		Furnace Oil
		South Coal Berth-Vallarpaban	4			2150	Furnace Oil
		South Coal Berth-Ship Side	4		1692		Furnace Oil
		IOC (near BTO berth)-Fact, UD	27		5135		Furnace Oil
		IOC (near BTO berth)-Fact, PD	17		17200		Furnace Oil
		BPCL fine art Jetty-Fact, PD	14		13916		Furnace Oil
		Willinbgdon isldan Bolgaty-Bolgaty Williangdon					
		Island	3.7		667086	523480	commodities in container
		Cochin Port-BPCL, Matrix Bharat	1		939		Furnace Oil Bunkering
		Cochin Port-Matrix Bharat	5		1060		Furnace Oil Bunkering
		BPCL-Vllarapadam	2		149		Furnace Oil Bunkering
2	2	KSINC*					
							Rock Phosphate, Sulphur,
		Cochin Port-FACT UD	21	22876	7653		Phospharic Acid
		Q10 Berth, CPT-Fact UD	20		289	3542	Phospharic Acid,
3	3	Kerla Back watre Navigation					
		Fact Willingdon Island Fact UD	20	17034			Sulphur. Phospharic Acid
4	1	Logos Agencies					
		Aluva Terminal-Sea	23.5	645	1969	2726	Liquid Effluent
5	5	Amrok Industrial & Investments					
		Aluva Terminal-Sea	23.5			74	Liquid Effluent
		Sub Total		324136	863354	711355	<u> </u>

# Details of Cargo Moved on National Waterways (National Waterway No.III) - WEST COAST CANAL, CHAMPAKARA CANAL & UDYOG MANDAL CANAL

(In tonnes)

SI.	No.	River/Stretch	Approximate Distance (Kms)	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	Cargo generally moved
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	C.	THE WEST COASTAL CANAL					
	1	KSINC Ltd*.					
	•	Fine Arts Jetty- Vypeen	4	144740	131720	141000	Potable water
		ErnaKulum terminal-Cochin port	5		31963		POL(Bunkering to Ship)
		Ernakulum Vypeen Island	4				Potable water
		Cochin port Ships	5	51065			POL
	2	Travancore Cements Ltd.					Lines aball with along 9 other
		Vaikom- Chitramangalam	20	22150	20850	15190	Lime shell with clay & othe
		Kayamkulam-Chavra	20 17	5200			impurities Sand
		Kayanikulani-Chavia	17	5200			Sand
	3	Lots Shipping & Trading Company					
		Fact engg works Cochin shipyard	6				Tank
		Sub Total		223155	184533	156190	_ _
		Total (NW-III) (A+B+C)		885694	1343770	1236403	<del>-</del> -
		Total Cargo Moved on National Waterw					
		GRAND TOTAL (NW-I+NW-II+NW-III)		4927187	7060265	6379645	<del>-</del> -
		Source : Inland Waterways Authority of India / CIWTC					: Not available.

## **SECTION - 3**

# COMMODITY-WISE ROUTE-WISE CARGO CARRIED, FREIGHT EARNED, INCOME & EXPENDITURE OF CIWTC

#### Traffic and Freight Earnings of Central Inland Water Transport Corporation (CIWTC)

Period	Traffic carried (000 tonnes)	Tonne Km Performed (Lakh)	Total Earnings (Rs.Lakh)
1	2	3	4
1981-82	75	780	163
1982-83	122	813	135
1983-84	201	928	210
1984-85	255	1184	372
1985-86	304	1621	501
1986-87	321	1566	581
1987-88	288	1434	452
1988-89	304	1415	485
1989-90	410	1163	566
1990-91	385	1197	581
1991-92	289	639	427
1992-93	312	1111	640
1993-94	242	1033	552
1994-95	331	968	781
1995-96	325	994	837
1996-97	188	677	718
1997-98	243	524	802
1998-99	141	311	815
1999-00	251	525	1202
2000-01	106	283	641
2001-02	68	269	462
2002-03	86	392	560
2003-04	66	315	497
2004-05	54	242	479
2005-06	85	143	489
2006-07	220	257	578
2007-08	200	238	405
2008-09	74	110	409
2009-10	189	165	434
2010-11	49	44	260
2011-12	31	26	168
2012-13	21	2	153

Source : CIWTC

Note :Total freight earned includes towing /hire/detention charges/ additional freight/godown rent/misc. charges etc. as detailed in Table 3.3.

#### Cargo Carried And Freight Earned by CIWTC-Commodity-wise

		2010	0-11	2011	1-12	201	2-13
SI.	Commodity	Tonnes	Freight	Tonnes	Freight	Tonnes	Freight
No.		Carried	Earned	Carried	Earned	Carried	Earned
			(Rs.		(Rs.		(Rs.
			Lakh)		Lakh)		Lakh)
1	2	5	6	7	8	7	8
1	Fly Ash	1500.00	13.92	-	-	-	-
2	Pol	550.00	1.24	-	-	-	-
3	Cut Bamboo	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Sand Clips	-	-	8250.00	1.81	19800.00	4.32
5	Slag	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Waste Oil	8100.00	18.49	4400.00	10.03	-	-
7	Aluminium Block	200.00	1.00	200.00	1.00	-	-
8	Boulder	17182.00	4.22	1650.00	0.33	-	-
9	Cement/W.Cement	4500.00	9.00	-	-	-	-
10	Cement Clinkers	1500.00	3.00	-	-	-	-
11	Peas	7300.00	10.48	15000.00	15.15	1500.00	3.00
12	Pet Cake/Personal Effect	7500.00	9.00	-	-	-	-
13	ODC	-	-	243.00	7.61	-	10.98
14	Stone Clips	-	-	1500.00	7.55	-	-
15	Misc.	550.00	5.22				
	SUB TOTAL	48882	75.57*	31243	43.48*	21300	18.30*

<sup>\*</sup> this relates to commodity-wise earnings

#### The Non Commodity Earnings are as under:

#### Activity

Vessel hire, Godown	-	184.82	-	124.86	-	135.42
Rent, Storage ,Towage etc.	_	_	_	_	_	-
SUB TOTAL	-	184.82	-	124.86	-	135.42
GRAND TOTAL	48882	260.39	31243	168.34	21300	153.72

Note: The figures are compiled on the basis of the monthly data received from CIWTC.

	Table No. 3.3	Commodity-wise, Route-wise Cargo Carried, Freight Earned and Tonne Kms. Performed by CIWTC - 2010-11 to 2012-13											
SI.	Route	Distance	Commodity		Tonnes Carr	ied	Freigh	t Earned(Rs.i	n Lakh)	Tonne/	Kms(in Lakh)	Performed	
No.		(in Kms)		2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	
_1_	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
1	Haldia-Budge-Budge		Waste Oil	8100	4400	-	18.49	10.03	-	4.51	3.27	-	
			Pol	550	-	-	1.24	-	-	1.91	-	-	
	Haldia-Budge-2		TOTAL	8650	4400	-	19.73	10.03	-	6.42	3.27	-	
2	Kolkata-Karimganj	1218-	Edible Oil/Foodgrains	550	-	-	5.22	-	-	6.64	=	-	
		1248	Fly Ash	1500	-	-	13.92	-	-	18.72	-	-	
			TOTAL	2050	-	-	19.14	-	-	25.36	-	-	
3	Karimganj -	1218-	Cement clinkers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Kolkata	1248	Personal Effect	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
			TOTAL	2050	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Kolkata-Karimganj-K	olkata	TOTAL	2050	-	-	19.14	-	-	25.36	-	-	
4	Haldia-Ghormalsland	415 1060	Boulders	17182	1650	-	4.22	0.33	-	2.58	0.25	-	
			TOTAL	17182	1650	-	4.22	0.33	-	2.58	0.25	-	
5	Haldia-Internal	02	Sand Clips	-	8250	1650	-	1.81	0.36	-	0.15	0.03	
			TOTAL	-	8250	1650	-	1.81	0.36	-	0.15	0.03	
6	Patna-Kolkata	530	Stone Chips	-	1500	-	-	7.55	-	-	7.95	-	
			TOTAL	-	1500	-	-	7.55	-	-	7.95	-	
7	Haldia-Jamuria (UP)	1096	ODC	-	208		-	6.51	10.98	-	2.28	-	
			TOTAL	-	208		-	6.51	10.98	-	2.28	-	

<u> </u>	Doute	Dietense	Commodite.		Tannas Carr		Fue i elle	· Farmad/Dai	in Labela	Tonno//	/ma/im I alsh\	Danfarmand
SI.	Route	e Distance Commodity Tonnes Carried Freig		Freign	t Earned(Rs.i	n Lakn)	Tonne/Kms(in Lakh) Performed					
No.		(in Kms)		2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
8	Lighterage	44-144	Peas	7300	15000	1500	10.48	15.15	3.00	5.84	12.00	1.20
	Operation at Saugar		Logs	1500	-	-	3.00	-	-	1.2	-	-
	/Haldia Diamond		Containers	4500	-	-	9.00	-	-	2.7	-	-
	Harbour-Kolkata		Fertilizer	7500	-	-	9.00	-	-	0.38	-	-
	Kolkata-Internal		ODC	-	35	-	-	1.10	-	-	0.02	-
			Sand- Clips	-	-	18150	-	-	3.96	-	-	0.33
			A.Block	200	200	-	1.00	1.00	-	0.01	0.01	-
			TOTAL	21000	15235	19650	32.48	17.25	6.96	10.13	12.03	1.53
9	Misc.											
	Tug Hire and											
	Godown Rent			-	-	-	184.82	124.86	135.42	-	-	-
			Grand Total	48882	31243	21300	260.39	168.34	153.72	44.49	25.93	1.56

Note: The figures are compiled on the basis of the monthly data received from CIWTC.

# Income And Expenditure Of C.I.W.T.C. (For The Year Ending 31st March)

(Rs. lakhs)

SI.No.	Item	2011	2012*	2013#
1	2	3	4	5
A.	INCOME	1920.34	2059.42	1918.77
(i)	Earnings (Operational)	150.51	130.54	153.73
(ii)	Earnings (Others)	1769.83	1928.88	1765.04
В	EXPENDITURE	1896.01	3145.08	3798.85
(i)	Materials & Stores Consumed	52.51	32.86	62.25
(ii)	Decrease/Increase in Work in Progress	-	-37.85	-2.56
	Employees Remuneration & Benefits	1068.96	872.82	860.64
(iv)	Repairs & Maintenance	80.97	49.92	3.70
(v)	Power & Fuel	56.88	45.61	32.09
(vi)	Other Expenses	321.29	305.43	257.63
(vii)	Interest	-	1626.93	2345.45
(viii)	Depreciation	356.36	332.83	313.87
(ix)	Provisions	33.49	-83.47	-74.82
(x)	Transfer to other Heads of Accounts	-84.45	-101.36	-
С	Profit/Loss (A-B)	24.33	-1085.66	-1880.08

Source : CIWTC

<sup>\*</sup> Revised Figures # Unaudited

## **Source-wise Earning of CIWTC**

(Rs. in lakhs)

SI.No.	Name of Service	Year							
		2010-11	2011-12	2012-13*					
1	2	4	5	5					
	A.Earnings (Operational)								
	Transportation & Allied								
	Activities:								
	Freight	73.15	42.48	16.05					
	Dredging	-	-						
	Ferries & Charter	77.36	88.06	137.68					
	Sales pending finalisation	-	-						
	TOTAL (A)	150.51	130.54	153.73					
	B.Earnings (Others)								
	Investment/one time grant	-	-						
	Interest on Short Term Deposit	700.4	1019.05	781.05					
	Interest on:								
	Mobilisation Amount	-	-						
	Sunderban Conservancy Amount	_	_						
	Port Maintenance	_	_						
	Sale of Scrap	_	_						
	Rent	87.08	31.41	2.79					
	Surplus on sale of assets	07.00	01.41	2.70					
	Retired from Operation	29.48	_	116.16					
	Miscellaneous Receipts	16.86	5.60	4.40					
	Govt. Grant (Salary & Wages)	936.00	872.82	860.64					
	Profit on exchange	-							
	TOTAL B	1769.82	1928.88	1765.04					
	-								
	TOTAL (A+B)	1920.33	2059.42	1918.77					

<sup>\*</sup> Unaudited

#### **Financial Position of CIWTC**

(Rs. in Lakh)

SL. No.	ltem	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13*
1	2	3	4	5
A.	LIABILITIES			
	<ul><li>(a) Paid up capital</li><li>(b) Reserves &amp; Surplus(Capital Reserve)</li><li>(c) Accumulated Loss</li><li>(d) Borrowings</li></ul>	13048.48 10909.93 -	13048.48 10909.93 -26963.95	13048.48 10909.93 -30501.76
	i) From Govt. of India	-	-	-
	ii) From Others (e) Trade dues and other current	-	-	_
	liabilities (inclu-ding provisions) and interest accrued thereon	20319.85	20319.44	15216.00
	TOTAL (A)	44278.26	17313.90	8672.65
B.	ASSETS			
	(f) Gross Asset (g) Less Depreciation (h)Less Provision	11119.30 7505.04	11119.36 7837.87 -	11012.02 8049.29 -
	<ul><li>(i) Net Fixed Assets (f-g-h)</li><li>(j) Capital work in progress</li></ul>	3614.26	3281.49 37.85	2962.73 40.42
	<ul><li>(k) Investment</li><li>(l) Current Assets,</li><li>Loans and Advances</li></ul>	13413.43	13994.56	5669.50
	(m) Miscellaneous expences	-	-	-
	and losses not written off (n) Accumulated Profit & Loss	27250.57	-	
	TOTAL (B)	44278.26	17313.90	8672.65
C.	Working Capital ( I-e) (o) Additional provision	-6906.42	-6324.88	-9546.50
	for Gratuity	604.43	571.69	594.73
	(p) Total Working Capital	-6301.99	-5753.19	-8951.77
	Capital employed (i+p)	2687.73	-2471.70	-5989.04
	Net worth (a-(m+n)) (for F.Y. 2010-11)	(-)14202.09	-	-
	Net worth (a-(c+m)) for F.Y.2012-2013	-	(-)13915.47	(-)17453.28

Source: CIWTC
\* Unaudited

# **SECTION – 4**

# IWT ACTIVITIES – STATE-WISE

#### Table No. 4.1 Number of IWT Vessels With Valid Certificate of Survey...By Type (As on 31st March)

0.	SI. State/ Self Propelled NonSelf Propelled								-				
SI.	State/			Self Propelled						• •			
No.	UT/Year	Cargo	Passe	Cargo	Tugs	Total	Dumb	Dumb	Dumb	Boats	Others	Total	Grand
			nger	cum	and	(Col.3	Barges	Tank	Flat			(Col.8	Total
				Passenger	Pushers	to 6)		ers				to 12)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1	Andhra Pradesh												
	2011			43		43				17	51	68	111
	2012			43		43				17	51	68	111
	2013												
2	Assam												
	2011												
	2012		120	10	6	136	15			13	45	73	209
	2013	1	1		4	6	7		9			16	22
3	Bihar												
-	2011		13	2		15	4			2		6	21
	2012	1	19*	74*	6	100	5			9	24	38	138
	2012	1	19*	74*	6	100	5		•••	9	24	38	138
4	Goa		19	74	U	100	3	•••		9	24	30	130
-	2011	188				188							188
					•••		•••						
	2012	172		•••		172				•••	•••		172
_	2013	264	45		2	311	2			•••	•••	2	313
5	Karnataka												
	2011			39		39							39
	2012		109	66		175				298		298	473
	2013		61	5		66							66
6	Kerala												
	2011	107	605	30	14	756			25	9084	3630	12739	13495
	\$2012	71	140	44	10	265				5248		5248	5513
	2013	153	200	69	10	432				4665	8724	13389	13821
7	Maharashtra												
	2011		299		482	781							781
	2012		233		370	603							603
	2013		201		376	577							577
8	Orissa	•••		•••	510	011	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	0,1
•	2011		281			281							281
	2012		279	•••		279			•••				279
	2012	•••	342		•••	342	•••			•••			342
9	West Bengal	•••	342		•••	342	•••			•••	•••	•••	342
9	•	0.5	055	-	67/^\	440	005			4540		0454	0504
	2011	85	255	5	67(A)	410	635	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		1516	•••	2151	2561
	2012	85	263	5	73(A)	426	659			1550		2209	2635
	2013	94	227	6	69(A)	396	690			1537		2227	2623
10	Tamil Nadu												
	2012									2		2	2
	2013									2	•	2	2
	Includes 38 42 and 1						•••		lot available				

<sup>(</sup>A) Includes 38,42 and 29 other vessels for 2011, 2012 and 2013 respectively.

<sup>...</sup> Not available/Nil

<sup>\$:</sup> From 2011-12 onwards, unlicenced vessels and country boats have been excluded

<sup>\*</sup> Vessels are with various agencies in Bihar, and probably they are not certified registered as Bihar does not have IV rule as yet

# Number of Passengers and Cargo Carried By Inland Water Vessels (Year Ending 31st March)

SI. No.	State/UT/Year	Powered Vessels Employed for cargo Employed for		Quantity of cargo carried (000'	Total No. of passengers carried	
NO.		(Nos.)	passengers (Nos.)	tonnes)	(000)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	
1	Andhra Pradesh					
	2011	•••	•••			
	2012					
	2013					
2	Assam					
	2011	•••			•••	
	2012	66	66	37.72#	11345.53	
	2013	56	56	71.79@	7656.00	
3	Bihar					
	2011	2	13			
	2012	1	83	2.40	578.00*	
	2013	1	83	2.40	578.00*	
4	Goa(a)					
	2011	188	-	14563.49		
	2012	172	-	14469.90		
	2013	264	45	3275.82	14076.00	
5	Karnataka					
	2011	39	39	1033.82	1504.49	
	2012	66	15	58.80**	1648.70**	
	2013	66	66	78.40**	1884.56**	
6	Kerala					
	2011	68	623	5285.56	24691.01	
	2012	77	644	5756.12	8410.69	
	2013	66	632	5555.21	24752.82	
7	Maharashtra					
	2011	•••	•••	14870.00	14323.00	
	2012	•••	•••	19950.00	17147.80	
	2013			24196.00	17608.00	
8	Orissa					
	2011		14		132.00	
	2012		9		126.00	
	2013		10		124.00	
9	West Bengal					
-	2011	54	255	9987.00(b)	43724.00	
	2012	61	263	9996.00(b)	43832.00	
	2013	76	227	10347.00(b)	42976.00	

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes traffic reported by Marmugao Port for Iron Ore movement which is 40.82 million tonnes in 2010-11, 29.00 million tonnes in 2011-12 & 7.40 million tonnes in 2012-13.

<sup>(</sup>b) No. of vehicles carried LCT 39618, 40807 and 39952 for the year 2010-11, 2011-12 & 2012-13 respectively.

<sup>&#</sup>x27;8\* based upon passengers travelling on unregistered vessels plying in various river

<sup>..</sup> Not available

<sup>#</sup> in addition to cargo, LMV 51716 nos, Bicycle 209104 nos, Motor Cycles 125198 nos, and Animals 11300 nos for 2011-12

<sup>\*\*:</sup> The traffic of passengers & cargo is only operation of Ferry Service across the river in rural area.

<sup>@</sup> Cargo includes LMV's, Bicycles, Motor Cycles and Animals.

## **SECTION - 5**

# IWT ACTIVITIES – PRIVATE COMPANIES/UNDERTAKINGS

# IWT Vessels With Valid Certificates of Survey-Owned By Responding Private Companies/Undertakings By Type (As on 31st March)

	1		Non-Self			
	Company/ Undertaking	Туре	Propelled			
SI. No.	and Year	Cargo (No.)	Passenger (No.)	Cargo(in Tonnes)	Passenger(in No.)	(Dumb Barges) (No.)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	S.V.Salgaocar, Goa					
	2011	4		1581		
	2012	3	***	962		
	2013 (c)	3		-		
2	D.V.Salgaocar, Goa					
	2011	4		1500		
	2012	3		307		
	2013(c)	3		-		
3	V.M.Salgaocar Sales Inte	rnational				
	2011	2		693		
	2012	2		693		
	2013( c)	2		-		
	0 D					
4	Sesa Resource Ltd Goa	•		222		
	2011	3		3237		
	2012	3	***	3237	•••	***
	2013	3		3237		•••
5	Sesa Goa Ltd. Goa					
	2011	21(a)		24910		
	2012	32(a)		41697		
	2013	35(a)		44255		
6	Sociedade De Fomento I	nd Ltd Goa				
U	2011	2		2434		
	2012	2	•••	2434		•••
	2012	2	•••	2434		
	2013	2	•••	2434		•••
7	CIWTC, Kolkata.					
	2011	5 (b)		2178		17
	2012	4 (b)		1961		12
	2013	8 (b)	•••	3909		16
8	Indo-Swiss Trading Co. H	Kolkata.				
	2011		2	118	270	
	2012		2	118	270	
	2013		2	118	270	
9	Vivada Inland Waterways	Ltd. Kolkata.				
	2011	10	4			
	2012	10	4			
	2013	10	4			

Table No. 5.1 (Contd...)

IWT Vessels With Valid Certificates of Survey-Owned By Responding

Private Companies/Undertakings By Type (As on 31st March)

	Private Companies/Undertakings By Type (As on 31st March)  Self Propelled									
		T			na canacity	Non-Self				
SI. No.	Company/ Undertaking		of vessel		ng capacity	Propelled				
	and Year	Cargo (No.)	Passenger (No.)	Cargo(in Tonnes)	Passenger(in No.)	(Dumb Barges) (No.)				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7				
10	West Bengal Surface Tra	nanari Carnara	tion I td							
10	<del>-</del>									
	2011	3	20	•••	•••	•••				
	2012	3	20	•••		•••				
	2013	3	20	•••	•••					
11	Hooghly Nadi Jalapath Paribahan Samabaya									
• • •	Samity, Kolkata.									
	2011		45							
	2012		37							
	2012		34							
	2013		34	•••		•••				
12	West Bengal Tourism De limited, Kolkata.	velopment Corp	ooration							
	•									
	2011		4	•••	•••	•••				
	2012		3							
	2013		3							
13	Eastern Navigation (P) Lt	d., Kolkata.								
	2011	9	3							
	2012	8	3							
	2013	8	3		***					
14	Pradeep Boating Company, Kolkata.									
	2011	2								
	2012	2								
	2013	2								
	2013	2	••••	•••	•••	•••				
15	Hindustan Petroleum Co	rp. Ltd., Budge I	Budge,							
	West Bengal.									
	2011	1	•••			•••				
	2012	1			***					
	2013									
4.0										
16	Costa River Transport Pv	•		5400						
	2011	3		5122						
	2012	3	•••	5122	***	***				
	2013	3		5122	***	•••				
17	Ghatal Station Navigation	ı (P) Ltd Kolka	ıta.							
••	2011		3							
	2011		3							
	2012	•••	3 3		•••	•••				
	2013		S	•••						
18	Diamond Harbour Munici	pality, Kolkata.								
	2011		9							
	2012		10		***					
	2013		10							

## Table No. 5.1 (Contd...)

### IWT Vessels With Valid Certificates of Survey-Owned By Responding Private Companies/Undertakings By Type (As on 31st March)

	Private Co	inpanies/or	ndertakings By		i 3 i St. iviarcii)	Non Calf
	Company/ Undertaking	Typo	of vessel	opelled	ing capacity	Non-Self Propelled
SI. No.	and Year	Cargo (No.)	Passenger (No.)	Cargo(in Tonnes)	Passenger(in No.)	(Dumb Barges) (No.)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	•				•	
19	Chandan Nagar Municipa	ality, Kolkata.				
	2011		5			
	2012		5	•••	•••	
	2013	•••	5	•••	•••	•••
20	Jain Navigation					
20	2011	2				
	2012	2				
	2013	2				
		_				
21	K.S.Singhi					
	2011					
	2012					
	2013	1				
22	Jindal ITF Ltd.					
	2011		•••			•••
	2012		•••		•••	
	2013	2	•••			•••
23	Soham Shipping Pvt.Ltd.					
	2011	•••				
	2012					***
	2013	18				
24	Sai Waterways Pv t. Ltd					
	2011	2		3829		
	2012	2		3829		
	2013	•••	•••	•••		•••
05	Deelers One Combine Deel	144				
25	Rashmi Ore Carriers Pv t	. <b>Lta.</b> 1		1214		
	2011 2012	1		1314 1314		
	2012	1	•••	1314		
	2010	•		1014		•••
26	Kothari Overseas Private	Limited				
	2011	1		1893		
	2012	1		1893		
	2013	1		1893		
27	Mayur Shipping Private L	imied.				
	2011	1	-	1284		
	2012	1	_	1284		
					•••	•••
	2013	1	-	1284	•••	•••
28	Sanghi Brothers (Indore)	Pvt Ltd.			•••	•••
	2011	5		6476		
	2012	5		6476		
	2013	5		6476		

<sup>...</sup> Not available.
(a) Includes one Passenger Launch & one Oil Tanker
(b) 3 Pusher Tug & 2 Oil Tanker for 2011, 2 Pusher Tug & 2 Moter Tanker for 2012 & 5 Pusher Tug & 3 Oil Tanker for 2013.

<sup>(</sup>c) The ships have been banned by the Govt. Therefore, cargo has been reported as ' Nil'.

Note: This table covers only those IWT operators from whom the data is received by TRW.

Table No. 5.2

# Cargo/Passenger Carried And Freight Collected - By Responding Companies (Year Ending 31st March)

	(Year Ending 31st March)										
			No. of	Distance	Freight	Cargo	Carried	Passenger	Carried		
SI.No.	King and Year	Type of Vessels	Powered Vessels Employed	Distance Travelled (Kms)	Collected (Rs.in Lakh)	Cargo (in Tonnes)	TKms (in millions)	(in No.)	PKms		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		
1	S. V. Salgaocar, Go										
	2011	Cargo	4	18025	1075.48	1581600	28508.34				
	2012	Cargo	3	14035	673.60	962400	13507.28				
	2013 (f)	-	-	-	-	-					
2	D. V. Salgaocar, Go	oa									
	2011	Cargo	4	18795	1020.51	1500000	28192.50				
	2012	Cargo	3	13825	663.60	948000	13106.10				
	2013 (f)	-	-	-	-	-					
3	V.M.Salgaocar Sale	es International									
	2011	Cargo	2	4545	471.64	693600	3152.41				
	2012	Cargo	2	10115	485.52	693600	7015.76				
	2013 (f)	-	-	-	-	-					
4	Sesa Resources Li	rd Goa									
7	2011	Cargo	3	49800	323.38	859307	42793.49				
	2012	Cargo	3	49400	(d)	793304	39189.22				
	2013	Cargo	3	18100	(d)	278224	5035.85				
	2010	Cargo	Ü	10100	(α)	Z. OZZ.	0000.00	•••	•••		
5	Sesa Goa Ltd. Goa										
	2011	Cargo	20	289400	1002.32	5103296	1476893.86				
	2012	Cargo	31	365700	(d)	6933724	2535662.87				
	2013	Cargo/Pass/Oil Tanker	35	134200	(d)	2582447	346564.39		•••		
6	Sociodada Da Fom	ento Ind. Ltd., Goa									
U	2011	Cargo	2	28600	(a)	463527	13256.87				
	2012	Cargo	2	11770	(a)	194923	2294.24				
	2012	Cargo	2	4510	(a)	71867	324.12				
	2010	Cargo	-	1010	(α)	7 1007	021.12	•••	•••		
7	C.I.W.T.C., Kolkata										
	2011	Cargo/Tug/Spcs/Dbs	11	192945	260.39	42882	8273.87				
	2012	Cargo/Tug/Spcs/Dbs	3	12312	168.34	31243	384.66				
	2013	Cargo/Tug/Spcs/Dbs	1	160	153.72	21300	3.41				
8	Indo-Swiss Trading	g Co.Pvt. Ltd., Kolkata	1								
	2011	Pass.	2	18900	102.67						
	2012	Pass.	2	15120	108.34						
	2013	Pass.	2	15610	110.25			3200			
9	VIVADA Inland Wat	terways Ltd., Kolkata									
-	2011	Cargo/Tug/Pass/LCT	14		3154.90	541460(c)		34120			
	2012	Cargo/Tug/Pass/LCT	14		3755.95	794590(c)		27630			
	2013	Cargo/Tug/Pass/LCT	14		3863.78	480740(c)		28250			
						. ,					

Table No. 5.2 (Contd...) Cargo/Passenger Carried And Freight Collected - By Responding Companies

lable	e No. 5.2 (Contd)	Cargo/Passen			ng 31st Mai		esponding	Companies	•
			No. of	Distance	Freight	Cargo	Carried	Passenger	Carried
SI.No.	Company/Underta king and Year	Type of Vessels	Powered Vessels Employed	Travelled (Kms)	Collected (Rs.in Lakh)	Cargo (in Tonnes)	TKms (in millions)	(in No.)	PKms
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
10	W. Bengal Surface	Transport Corporati	on Ltd., Koll	kata			=		<u>.                                      </u>
	2011	Pass./LCT	23		578.22	15403(b)		6975000	
	2012	Pass./LCT	23		591.32	23855(b)		7123000	
	2013	Pass./LCT	23		408.32	24346(b)		15967000	
11	Hooghly Nadi Jalar	oath Paribahan Sama	ıbaya Samit	y, Kolkata					
	2011	Pass.	45		985.01			21300000	
	2012	Pass.	37		1009.49			22000000	
	2013	Pass.	34		1129.85			23000000	
12	West Rengal Touris	sm Development Co	nn Itd Ko	lkata					
12	2011	Pass.	4		119.74			11890	
	2012	Pass.	3		149.63			12320	
	2013	Pass.	3		158.97			10900	• • • •
	2013	rass.	3	•••	130.31	•••	•••	10900	
13		(P) Ltd., W. Bengal,							
	2011	Cargo/Tug/Pass.	8		184.00			1500	
	2012	Cargo/Tug/Pass.	7		160.42			7000	
	2013	Cargo/Tug/Pass.	7		175.00	40600			
14		ompany, W. Bengal,							
	2011	Tugs	2		•••	•••		•••	
	2012	Tugs	2		1000.00	5000			
	2013	Tugs	2		7.80	1200			
15	Hindustan Petroleu	ım Corpn. Ltd. Budg	e-Budge, W.	Bengal					
	2011	Tug	1		37.11	19320			
	2012	Tug	1		41.37	18470			
	2013	Tug							
		3	***						
16	Costa River Transp	ort Pvt. Ltd. Goa							
	2011	Cargo	3		373.84	530650			
	2012	Cargo	3		263.30	353900			
	2013	Cargo	3		75.10	100950			
17		gation (P) Ltd. Kolkat			0004.00			0.400000	
	2011	Pass.	3		3221.20			2422000	
	2012	Pass.	3		32.58			2325000	• • • •
	2013	Pass.	3		40.36			2550000	
18	Diamond Harbour I	Municipality, Kolkata							
.0	2011	Pass.	9		96.69			354500	
	2012	Pass.	10		98.32		•••	357400	
	2012	Pass.	10		110.73	•••	•••	370290	•••
	2013	rass.	10	•••	110.73	•••	•••	310230	•••
19	Chandan Nagar Mun	icipality, Kolkata							
	2011	Pass.	5		11.80			2240000	
	2012	Pass.	5		4.60			500000	
	2013	Pass.	5		5.25			760000	

### Table No. 5.2 (Contd...)

## Cargo/Passenger Carried And Freight Collected - By Responding Companies (Year Ending 31st March)

			( )	ear Enuir	ig sistivia	CII)			
	Common of the double		No. of	Distance	Freight	Cargo	Carried	Passenger	Carried
SI.No.	Company/Underta king and Year	Type of Vessels	Powered Vessels Employed	Travelled (Kms)	Collected (Rs.in Lakh)	Cargo (in Tonnes)	TKms (in millions)	Passenger (in No.)	PKms
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
20	Jain Navigation								
	2011	Tugs/Pass	2		15.00				
	2012	Tugs/Pass	2		14.00				
	2013	Tugs/Pass	2		17.37	5370			
21	K.S.Singhi								
	2011		•••						
	2012	 Tugo							
	2013	Tugs	1	•••	9.21	3290			••••
22	Jindal ITF Ltd.								
22	2011								
	2012	•••							
	2013	Cargo	2		55.33	27000			
23	Soham Shipping Pvt	.Ltd.							
	2011								
	2012								
	2013	Cargo	18		58.48	39850			
24	Sai Waterways Pvt.L	.td.							
	2011	Cargo	2	16200	1.29	35900	581.58		
	2012	Cargo	2	16200	1.16	32240	522.29		
	2013	•••							
25	Rashmi Ore Carriers	: Pvt   td							
20	2011	Cargo	1	4500	205.29	210000	945.00		
	2012	Cargo	i	3240	104.25	151957	492.34		
	2013								
26	Kothari Overseas Pr								
	2011	Cargo	1		155.00	167123			
	2012	Cargo	1		54.36	65007			•••
	2013	Cargo	1	•••	8.20	11442			•••
27	Mayur Shipping Pvt.	Limited							
	2011	Cargo	1	1710	63.85	68400	116.96		
	2012	Cargo	1	2475	84.52	104338	258.24		
	2013								
28	Sanghi Brothers (Inc	dore) Pvt Ltd							
	2011	Cargo	5	4500	72.70	34770	156.47		
	2012	Cargo	5	3900	74.40	30134	117.52		
	2013(e)	Cargo							
	2013(e)	Cargo	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	

<sup>(</sup>a) : transportation for self  $\,$  (b) : data relates to  $\,$  no  $\,$  of vehicles on L.C.T.  $\,$ 

Note: This table covers only those IWT Operators from whom the data is received by TRW.

<sup>(</sup>c):24215 no vehicles on LCT, 244761 no vehicles on LCT for the year 2010-11, 2011-12 & 257859 no. of vehicles on LCT for year 2

<sup>(</sup>d): Own barges plying for group company

<sup>(</sup>e): Barges not plied due to ban on mining.

<sup>(</sup>f): Ships has been baned by the Govt. Therefore cargo has been reported as 'Nil'.

### **SECTION - 6**

# PLAN-WISE OUTLAY & EXPENDITURE FOR IWT SECTOR

### Table No. 6.1

### PLAN WISE FINANCIAL PERFORMANE FROM 9th FIVE YEAR PLAN TO 11th FIVE YEAR PLAN+A3

(Rs in Cr.)

GI.		9th F	ive Year	Plan	10th I	Five Year	Plan	11th F	ive Year	Plan	Fin	ancial Ye	ar
Sl.	Budget head/ Waterways		(1997-02)			(2002-07)			2007-12)			2012-13)	
No.		B.E	R.E	Ехр.	B.E	R.E	Ехр.	B.E	R.E	Exp.	B.E	R.E	Exp.
I	Grants to IWAI												
1	National Waterway 1	74.80	51.94	59.89	154.97	155.11	135.62	241.69	235.81	228.95	78.90	55.03	58.89
2	National Waterway 3	35.38	24.63	33.85	54.49	46.58	36.10	75.48	107.23	104.82	37.91	22.48	20.59
3	Others	13.85	7.61	7.65	37.60	23.88	12.99	26.00	7.59	9.57	15.21	18.60	16.63
	Sub Total - I (Grants to IWAI)	124.03	84.18	101.39	247.06	225.57	184.71	343.17	350.63	343.34	132.02	96.11	96.11
II	North Eastern Area												
4	National Waterway 2	48.19	27.02	25.69	216.28	180.60	132.15	319.29	243.17	202.07	70.99	44.80	43.33
5	Central Plan scheme for NER	0.00	0.00	0.00	17.00	0.00	0.00	16.03	15.03	6.62	3.70	3.70	1.87
6	Proposed NW-6 (Barak)	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.00	0.00	0.00	1.51	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00
7	Development of Indo- Bangladesh	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.30	1.10	0.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	1.50	1.72
	protocol												
	Sub total - II (NER)	48.19	27.02	25.69	237.58	181.70	132.81	336.83	258.20	208.69	76.70	50.00	46.92
III	Subsidy	19.11	31.10	13.34	8.50	5.00	5.40	8.00	7.00	4.13	2.00	1.00	0.90
IV	Tech Studies & R&D	4.05	2.65	2.03	26.00	19.00	9.09	5.00	5.00	4.32	1.00	1.00	1.00
V	Central Plan Scheme/ CSS	10.00	10.00	8.56	40.00	65.00	52.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Grand Total	205.38	154.95	151.01	559.14	496.27	384.84	693.00	620.83	560.48	211.72	148.11	144.93

Centrally Sponsored Scheme for IWT sector was discontinued after 10th Plan Source: Inland Waterways Authority of India

### **SECTION - 7**

# INLAND WATERWAYS TRANSPORT ACCIDENTS

### Table No. 7.1

# No. of Accidents, Persons Injured And Died by Drowning (Boat Capsize) in States During 2012.

		No. of	Drowning (Boat Capsize)					
SI. No.	State/UT	Accidents		f Persons Ir	njured	No	o. of Persons	
	_		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	STATES	45	•		•	45	_	00
1	Andhra Pradesh	15	0	0	0	15	5	20
2	Arunachal Pradesh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Assam	75	6	3	9	68	7	75
4	Bihar	12	4	1	5	11	32	43
5	Chhattisgarh	39	0	0	0	25	17	42
6	Goa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	Gujarat	126	8	2	10	122	28	150
8	Haryana	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	Himachal Pradesh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Jammu & Kashmir	1	0	0	0	1	1	2
11	Jharkhand	4	1	0	1	4	0	4
12	Karnataka	23	0	0	0	28	0	28
13	Kerala	7	0	0	0	7	1	8
14	Madhya Pradesh	107	6	2	8	92	20	112
15	Maharashtra	19	0	0	0	17	3	20
16	Manipur	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	Meghalaya	1	0	0	0	1	0	1
18	Mizoram	19	0	0	0	16	4	20
19	Nagaland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	Odisha	4	0	0	0	3	1	4
21	Punjab	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	Rajasthan	4	0	0	0	2	2	4
23	Sikkim	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	30	12	0	12	18	0	18
25	Tripura	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26	Uttar Pradesh	107	9	3	12	91	20	111
27	Uttarakhand	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
28	West Bengal	4	1	0	1	2	2	4
	Total( States)	597	47	11	58	523	143	666
	UNION TERRITORIES							
29	A&N Island	2	0	0	0	2	0	2
30	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31	D&N haveli	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
32	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
33	Delhi	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
34	Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35	Pondicherry	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Т	otal ( UTs)	2	0	0	0	2	0	2
	Total States/UTs	599	47	11	58	525	143	668

Note: The data includes boats plying in all water bodies.

Source : Accidental Deaths & Suicides in India - 2012

National Crime Records Bureau, M/o Home Affairs, Govt. of India

### **SECTION - 8**

# INLAND WATERWAYS IN SELECT COUNTRIES

### Table No. 8.1

# Length of Navigable Inland Waterways in Europe and USA in 2005 & 2008

(In Kms.)

SI.	Country	Car	nals	Rivers a	nd Lakes	Т	otal
No.		2005	2008	2005	2008	2005	2008
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	Albania						
2	Austria	_	_	351	351	351	351
3	Belgium	875	875	641	641	1516	1516
4	Bulgaria	_	_	470	470	470	470
5	Croatia	_	_	804	804	804	804
6	Czech. Republic	39	39	625	625	664	664
7	Estonia	_	_	320	335	320	335
8	Finland	125	125	7904	7858	8029	7983
9	France	3771	3577	2017	1623	5788	5200
10	Germany	2379	2379	5186	5186	7565	7565
11	Hungary	166	166	1392	1392	1558	1558
12	Kazakhstan	_	_	4032	_	4032	_
13	Kyrgyzstan	_	_	420	420	420	420
14	Lithuania	1	1	289	440	290	441
15	Poland	331	344	3307	3316	3638	3660
16	Moldova	_	_	42	42	42	42
17	Netherlands	4649	4706	1388	1396	6037	6102
18	Romania	132	132	1647	1647	1779	1779
19	Russian Federation	1244	1244	100435	100368	101679	101612
20	Serbia and Montenegro		342		1076	_	1418
21	Slovakia	39	39	134	134	173	173
22	United Kingdom	155	159	910	891	1065	1050
23	United States of America					42000	_
24	Ukraine	1156	1153	1035	1013	2191	2166

Source: Annual Bulletin of Transport Statistics for Europe & North America, 2011 (UN Publication).

Table No. 8.2

# **Length of Navigable Waterways By Permissible** carring Capacity of Vessels - 2008

		Total	tal Carrying Capacity of Vessels (in tonnes)							
SI.No.	Country	Length	upto		400-649		1000-	1500-	3000 &	
		(Kms.)	249				1499	2999	Above	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
1	Albania									
	Canals									
	Rivers & Lakes	_							_	
2	Austria									
	Canals									
	Rivers & Lakes	351								
3	Belgium									
	Canals	875	_	156	213	_	221	86	199	
	Rivers & Lakes	641	_	182	34	_	210	162	53	
4	Bulgaria									
	Canals									
	Rivers & Lakes	470								
5	Croatia									
	Canals									
	Rivers & Lakes	804	-	17	215	286	149		138	
6	Czec Republic									
	Canals	39								
	Rivers & Lakes	625								
7	Estonia									
	Canals									
	Rivers & Lakes	335								
8	Finland									
	Canals	125	9			16		100		
	Rivers & Lakes	7858	4148			2909		801		
9	France									
	Canals	3577	39	2670	57	217	27	17	550	
	Rivers & Lakes	1623		351	108	-	4	219	942	
10	Germany									
	Canals	2379	112	239		35	1403	391	109	
	Rivers & Lakes	5186	386	734	90	227	830	1870	1049	
11	Hungary									
	Canals	166	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Rivers & Lakes	1392	-	78	451	336	147	-	380	

Table No. 8.2 (Contd...)

# Length of Navigable Waterways By Permissible Carrying Capacity of Vessels - 2008

<u>. ·                                     </u>		Total		Carryii	ng Capac	ity of Ves	sels (in t	onnes)	
SI.No.	Country	Length	upto	250-399	400-649	650-999	1000-	1500-	3000 &
1	2	(Kms.)	249 4	5	6	7	1499 8	2999 9	Above 10
12	Kazakhstan*	<u> </u>	4	<u> </u>	U	,	0	3	10
12	Canals								
	Rivers & Lakes								
13	Kyrgyzstan*								
10	Canals								
	Rivers & Lakes								
14	Lithuania								
	Canals	1				1			
	Rivers & Lakes	440	_	151	_	289	_	_	_
15	Moldova								
	Canals								
	Rivers & Lakes								
16	Netherlands								
	Canals	4706	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Rivers & Lakes	1396	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17	Poland								
	Canals	344		176	106	47			15
	Rivers & Lakes	3316	909	893	965	350	38	55	106
18	Romania								
	Canals	132			-	-	-	-	-
	Rivers & Lakes	1647			-	-	-	-	-
19	Serbia								
	Canals	342	21	321	-	-	-	-	-
	Rivers & Lakes	1076	38	-	45	405	-	588	-
20	Slovakia								
	Canals	39	-	-	-	-	-	-	39
	Rivers & Lakes	134	-	-	-	-	-	-	134
21	Ukraine								
	Canals	1153	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Rivers & Lakes	1013	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
22	United Kingdom								
	Canals	159	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Rivers & Lakes	891	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
23	Russian Fedration								
	Canals	1244							
	Rivers & Lakes	100368							

Source: Annual Bulletin of Transport Statistics for Europe & North America-2011.

Table No. 8.3 Inland Waterways vessels in Service at the end of 2008

		Self P	ropelled Ve	ssels	D.& P.	Vessels	Tugs and Pushers		
SI. No	Country	Nos.	Carrying Capacity (Th.Tonne s)	Power (Th. KW)	Nos.	Carrying Capacity (Th.Tonnes)	Nos.	Power (Th. KW)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
1	Albania	•••					•••		
2	Austria							•••	
3	Belgium	1126	1387.00		244	460.00			
4	Bulgaria	21	30.90	20.10	159	250.50	35	32.70	
5	Croatia	9	9.00	6.00	129	87.00	59	16.00	
6	Czec.Republic	44	44.00	19.00	173	86.00	98	27.00	
7	Estonia	7		1.21	3	1.20	2	0.22	
8	Finland	145	14.00	29.00	33	6.00	28	8.00	
9	France	903	586.00	265.00	469	550.00			
10	Germany	1319	1834.00		1082	1059.00			
11	Hungary	85	-	-	329	329.00	80	-	
12	Kazakhstan(a)	-							
13	Kyrgyzstan(a)	5						•••	
14	Lithuania	35	13.10	10.60	23	8.92	21	4.21	
15	Poland	109	68.00	33.00	431	213.00	212	57.00	
16	Republic of Moldova								
17	Romania	105			1221		256		
18	Serbia and Montenegro	67	66.00	17.20	382	438.00	122	67.00	
19	Slovakia	29	21.60	13.50	157	236.60	41	41.00	
20	Ukraine	232	159.00	120.00	593	939.00	327	144.00	
21	United Kingdom	158	40.00		287	98.00	92	•••	
22	United States of America								
23	Russian Fedration	2492	2256.00	1051.00	7264	8542.00	8023	1829.00	

D.& P. Vessels : Dumb & Pushed Vessels

Source: Annual Bulletin of Transport Statistics for Euorpe and North America, 2011

### Table No. 8.4

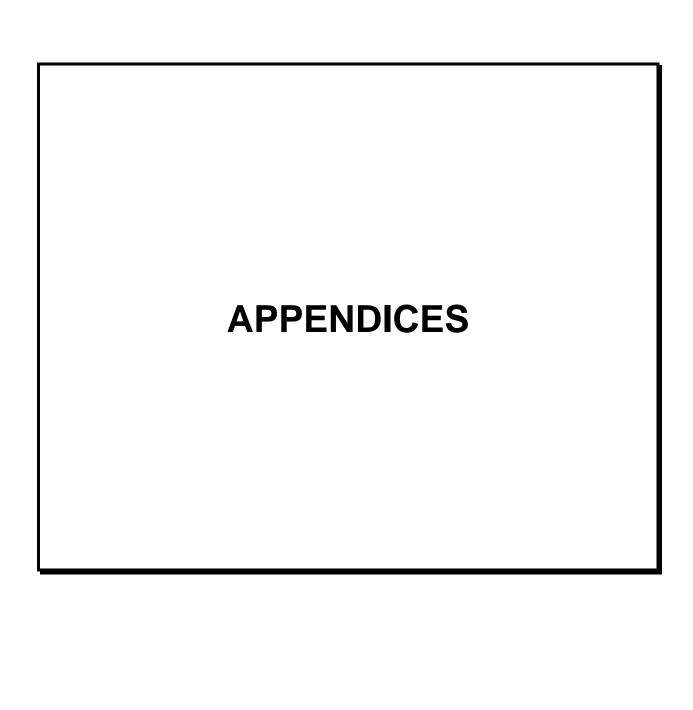
# **Goods Transport by Type of Transport on National Territory - 2008**

SI.	Country	Good	oods carried ('000 Tonnes)			Tonne	Kms. of Go	ods carried	(Million)*
No.		National			<b>Transit</b>			ational	Transit
			Loaded	Unloaded			Loaded	Unloaded	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Albania		•••						
2	Austria	502	2166	5731	2810	92	260	1023	983
3	Belgium	36772	29943	53472	10163	3498	1425	3090	733
4	Bulgaria	2544	934	3054	4425	70	191	618	2012
5	Croatia	141	318	421	5535	31	21	27	764
6	Czech-Republic	388	185	178	-	12	10	6	-
7	Estonia	•••		•••		•••	•••		•••
8	Finland	335		•••		80	•••		•••
9	France	29570	16822	13762	9154	4476	1438	1590	1053
10	Germany	57552	57845	107523	22742	11616	14698	23558	14189
11	Hungary	74	3095	1795	3866	6	476	303	1462
12	Kazakhstan								
13	Kyrgyzstan	43				8			
14	Lithuania	146				12			
15	Poland	3672	1741	342	2354	157	381	79	657
16	Republic of Maldova	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
17	Romania	22646	3963	3563	123	4622	2043	1940	82
18	Russian Federation	138388	10771	648	13	44559	16309	1113	34
19	Serbia and Montenegro	4367	1324	3986	6417	414	1026	3738	10327
20	Slovakia	84	2080	257	5950	6	46	26	1023
21	Ukraine	7272	-	-	-	557	-	-	-
22	United Kingdom	3659	-	-	-	164	-	-	-
23	United States of America**	615872			•••			•••	

Source: Annual Bulletin of Transport Statistics for Europe and North America 2011

<sup>\*:</sup> Kilometers within the territory of the reporting country.

<sup>\*\*:</sup> Data relates to 2005



### **DEFINITIONS OF TERMS USED**

(For Section-8)

Source: Annual Bulletin of Transport Statistics for Europe and North America

#### **Navigable Inland Waterways**

A stretch of water, not part of the sea, over which craft of a carrying capacity not less than 50 tonnes can navigate when normally loaded. This term covers both navigable rivers and lakes (natural water-courses, whether or not they have been improved for navigation purposes) and canals (waterways constructed primarily for the purpose of navigation). The length of rivers and canals is measured in mid channel and length of lakes, as well as lagoons, is counted as the length between the most distant points between which the transport is performed. An inland waterway forming a common frontier between two countries is reported by both.

## Inland Water Transport (IWT) Craft

Craft having a minimum carrying capacity of 20 tonnes designed for the carriage of goods by inland waterways.

### **Dumb Barge**

IWT craft designed for being towed and not having its own means of mechanical propulsion. The fact that a dumb barge is fitted with an auxiliary engine does not change its nature.

#### **Dumb Tanker**

Dumb barge intended for the bulk transport of liquids or gases. Tankers for the transport in bulk of powdered products such as cement, flour, plaster, etc. are to be excluded, and to be counted among dumb barges.

### **Self-Propelled Barge**

IWT craft having its own means of mechanical propulsion, dumb barges, pushed barges and pushed-towed barges with only an auxiliary engine should be regarded as dumb, pushed or pushed-towed barges as the case may be. The fact that a self propelled barge can be used for towing does not change its nature.

### **Self Propelled Tanker**

Self propelled barge intended for the bulk transport of liquids or gases. Tankers for the transport in bulk of powdered products such as cement, flour, plaster etc. are to be excluded and to be counted among self-propelled barges.

### Self Propelled Craft for River-Sea Navigation

Craft having a Dead Weight capacity of at least 20 tonnes, designed for the transport of goods by river and by Sea and equipped with their own means of propulsion developing at least 37 KW.

### **Tug**

Powdered craft developing not less than 37 KW and designed for the towing of dumb barges, pushed towed barges, rafts, but not for the carriage of goods.

### **Pusher Craft**

Powdered craft developing not less than 37 KW and designed or fitted for the pushing of pushed or pushed-towed barges but not for the carriage of goods.

### **Pusher Tug**

Powdered craft developing not less than 37 KW and designed or fitted for the towing of dumb barges, pushed-towed barges or rafts, and for the pushing pushed and pushed-towed barges but not for the carriage of goods.

### **Pushed Barge**

IWT craft designed for being pushed and not having its own means of mechanical propulsion. The fact that a pushed barge is fitted with an auxiliary engine does not change its nature.

#### **Pushed Barge**

Pushed barge intended for the bulk transport of liquids or gases. Tankers for the transport in bulk of powdered products such as cement, flour, plaster etc. are to be excluded and to be counted among pushed barges.

# Carrying Capacity (also referred to as Dead Weight Capacity)

Maximum permissible weight of goods, expressed in tones, which a craft may carry according to ship's document.

### Power (KW)

Mechanical force developed by the motive power installation in craft. This power should be measured in effective kilowatts (power transmitted to the propeller).

### Appendix - II

### **ABBREVIATION**

... Not Available

- Nil

IWT Inland Water Transport

Kms. Kilometers

M.T. Metric Tonnes

CIWTC Central Inland Water Transport Corporation

IWAI Inland Waterways Authority of India

KSINC Kerala Shipping & Inland Navigation

Corporation

H.P. Horse Power

POL Petroleum Oil Lubricant

ODC Over Dimensional Cargo

LAG Liquified Amonnia Gas

FO Furnace Oil

LDO Light Diesel Oil

GC/G Cargo General Cargo

Neg/N Negligible

FBP Farakka Barage Project

IOC Indian Oil Corporation

HSD High Speed Diesel

LCT Loaded Carriage Tug

FACT Fertilisers and Chemicals Travancore Ltd.